

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOL. 14 NO. 26.

THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 705.

## READ!

We have to-day  
out in our stock \$1000  
worth of  
**WALL PAPER**  
and Decorations, which  
is the largest stock in  
Washtenaw County to  
select from. Every body  
invited to look at  
our styles and prices.

C. H. KEMPF & SON.

## CHURCH DIRECTORY

**METHODIST.**—Rev. J. A. McIlwain. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday school immediately after morning services.

**CONGREGATIONAL.**—Rev. John A. Kapp. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting, Sabbath evening, at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, immediately after morning services.

**BAPTIST.**—Rev. Mr. Gallup. Services, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school, at 12 M.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

**I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR** weekly meeting of Vesper Lodge No. 85, I. O. O. F., will take place every Wednesday evening at 6 1/2 o'clock, at their Lodge room, Middle st., East. F. H. STILES, Sec'y.

**L. O. G. T.—Charity Lodge** No. 335, meets every Friday eve. at 7 o'clock, at Odd Fellows' hall. C. SUMNER WINANS, W. S.

**K. O. T. M.—Chelsea Tent No.** 281, of the K. O. T. M., will meet at Odd Fellows' Hall the first and third Friday of each month. WM. BACON, R. K.

**F. H. STILES,**  
DENTIST,  
Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier,  
Parker & Co's. Drug Store,  
CHELSEA, MICH. v11-46.

**GEO. E. DAVIS, Resident Auctioneer of 16** years experience, and second to none in the State. Will attend all farm sales and other auctions on short notice. Orders left at this office will receive prompt attention. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan, Mich. V-13-5.

For Reliable Insurance Against  
**FIRE OR TORNADO,**  
CALL ON  
**GILBERT & CROWELL,**  
—OR—  
**GEO. W. TURNBULL.**

We Represent—	Assets.
Home of New York,	\$7,208,489.
Continental of New York,	4,450,534.
Genial of New York,	3,295,326.
Underwriters of New York,	5,121,956.
Hartford, of Conn.,	4,067,976.
Springfield, of Mass.,	2,395,288.

**First-class Farm FOR SALE!**

The undersigned offers his farm, located in the town of Dexter, half a mile east of North Lake Corners, seven miles from Dexter, five miles north of Chelsea, and one-half mile from Methodist church,

Containing 180 Acres.

Well improved; good buildings; good apple and peach orchard; 43 acres of wheat in the ground. The place is well timbered. Eighty acres of wood land on Sec. 7; 200 20 acres of meadow on Sec. 21. Will be sold separately or to suit purchaser.

A very Desirable Bargain.  
P. O. Address, Chelsea. Residence on farm above.  
**R. WEBB**  
Chelsea, Jan. 29, 1885. 30\*

**JOB PRINTING.**  
Pamphlets, Posters, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, Ball Tickets, Labels, Blanks, Bill-boards and other varieties of Plain and Fancy Job Printing executed with promptness, and in the best possible style, at the HERALD OFFICE.

**WOOD!** Although you may not see an advertisement, B. Schuch still has wood to sell for

**MAILS CLOSE.**  
GOING EAST. GOING WEST.  
9:45 A. M. . . . . 8:20 A. M.  
4:20 P. M. . . . . 10:20 A. M.  
8:30 P. M. . . . . 5:25 P. M.  
8:15 P. M.  
G. J. CROWELL, P. M.

If you have any business at the Probate Office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

ADVERTISING RATES.					
Space.	1 w	1 m	3 m	6 m	1 y
1 Inch . . . . .	\$ 50	\$1 00	\$2 00	\$3 00	\$5 00
1/2 Column . . . . .	1 00	2 00	4 00	6 00	10 00
1/4 Column . . . . .	2 00	4 00	8 00	12 00	20 00
1/8 Column . . . . .	2 50	5 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
1/16 Column . . . . .	3 50	7 00	14 00	21 00	35 00
1/32 Column . . . . .	4 50	9 00	18 00	26 00	45 00
1 Column . . . . .	6 00	12 00	24 00	36 00	60 00

## WHISPERINGS.

'Tis thawin'.

Spring begins March 20th.

Meeting at Francisco next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mr. Gruber, of Bridgewater station, aged nearly 90 years, died last Saturday.

A. H. Holmes and family will soon remove to Ann Arbor. Sorry to lose them.

Great auction sale at the Wales Riggs farm next Wednesday. Don't miss it!

The young men's band favored our citizens with some excellent music yesterday.

It is rumored that several tramps roomed in the schoolhouse one night last week.

M. J. Lehman was the chairman of the recent democratic county convention at Ann Arbor.

We are in receipt of a very interesting letter from Dr. Holmes which we will publish next week.

By bills issued from our job department, we see that Geo. Foster is ready to attend auction sales on short notice.

E. G. Hoag is giving our citizens a new deal at his bazaar one door this side of Bacon's hardware. See his advertisement.

We are informed that Mrs. Frank Sweetland churns one hundred lbs. of butter per week, and it is of the best quality, too.

When H. S. Holmes & Co. complete the improvements in their store they will have one of the finest in southern Michigan.

Supervisor Gilbert attended a meeting of the jail committee at Ann Arbor last Friday. The committee decided to build a new jail.

The young men's band furnished music for the Y. P. C. A. social last Friday, free of charge—an act highly appreciated by the society.

The social, entertainment and supper, under the auspices of the Y. P. C. A., at the Town hall, last Friday evening, was a decided success.

A. S. Congdon now has his automatic sawing machine in position, and invites farmers to call and see it, and bring in their picket material.

The finest printing press we have ever seen is in the Detroit Evening Journal office. We had the pleasure of seeing it in motion last Saturday.

While in Detroit last Saturday, we had the privilege of seeing Mlle. Zarette, the midget, aged 27 years. She is about eighteen inches high, and weighs about five pounds. She can be seen the remainder of this week at Harry Long's dime museum.

Village election next Monday.

The village election causes little excitement this spring.

See B. Parker & Co's new line of dress goods. They say it's immense.

Will some of our readers please hand us a copy of the HERALD, of May 31, June 7 and June 14, 1883.

On Saturday next, H. S. Holmes & Co. will offer our readers special inducements to buy bed spreads. See advertisement on last page.

A People's caucus will be held in the basement of the Town hall next Saturday evening at 7:30, to nominate village officers for the ensuing year.

We are pleased to learn that W. J. Dancer has been admitted into the firm of H. S. Holmes. The firm will hereafter be known as H. S. Holmes & Co.

Seventy commercial travelers stopped at the Hoag House last week. In addition to this number, probably five registered at the McKune House making seventy-five in all. The Hoag House is a favorite stopping place with travelers.

While returning home last Wednesday, Mr. Liebig's team ran away when near Mr. Randall's farm. A. Mensing and a friend who were just ahead of the team, got out of the way but Mr. Mensing's cutter was considerably damaged. The team was frightened by the cars.

The exercises in the High School department last Friday afternoon, in commemoration of Longfellow's birthday, were in the highest degree entertaining and appropriate. Owing to an engagement we could not be present, but we are glad to learn that so many more were there than usual.

PERSONAL.

Miss Lyra Hatch, of Olivet, is in town on a two weeks' vacation.

H. Lighthall and C. Maroney were in Ann Arbor last Saturday on business.

We acknowledge a pleasant call from Miss Westfall and Mrs. Robinson, of Ann Arbor.

Miss Lou Siple, of Ann Arbor, spent a portion of this week with her sister, Mrs. J. Hepfer.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Kempf left for Albion last Saturday to spend a few days with relatives.

Capt. J. L. Somerby, some two years since a compositor in this office, was in town Tuesday.

Geo. and Miss Rosa Klæger, of Bridgewater, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Emmerf.

Fred Schumacher has accepted a position as clerk with B. Parker & Co. His brother clerks for Loomis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Huntington, of Mason, spent the latter part of last week with their daughter, Mrs. W. W. Hendricks.

V. D. Hindelang has accepted a position as traveling salesman for the Champion Harvesting Machine Co. of Springfield, O., and Chicago, Ill.

During the past week Mr. and Mrs. Lowry have removed from their farm south of here, to this place, occupying the Milo Baldwin house. We welcome them back.

The following are the delegates to the republican county convention, at Ann Arbor to-day: Messrs. Vogel, Judson, Gilbert, Burkhart, Neuberger, H. G. Hoag, Negus and C. Steinbach.

## A Genuine Surprise.

It is not often the fortune of man to meet with so many bright and good natured countenances as were present at the surprise party tendered our most honored citizens, Mr. & Mrs. Jas. P. Wood at their residence in Union street, last Tuesday evening, March 3. The originators of the party were Mrs. M. J. Noves and Mrs. E. L. Negus, and those invited received the pass word, "meet at Mrs. Negus' at 7 o'clock, sharp." At the appointed hour, about thirty persons were present and a line of march was formed, headed by Mr. Negus who, with stealthy tread piloted the procession toward Mr. Wood's commodious residence. No ceremonies were observed, but the leader at once entered and the army took possession of every thing—even Mrs. Wood being carried away—by surprise. "Jim," as he is familiarly called, was at once notified by telephone that the house had been broken into, and to hasten home. As he is a prompt man, he shortly appeared among the gathering now numbering about a hundred. As it was to be an old fashioned surprise, each one brought what they liked in the line of vittuals, and the lunch, which was served at about 10 o'clock, must have tempted the appetite of every one present. We dare say that at no previous time has there met a more social people, and so fast did the time pass, that no one wanted to leave until the clock struck eleven. One of the best features of the occasion was that the surprised couple had no intimation of the event, and Mrs. Wood was of course found as any lady would have been who had baked all day for the pioneer meeting, besides doing an ironing. When we left, we could only wish that such occasions would be more frequent, as they do so much toward harmonizing a community.

Mr. Nielson, of Jackson, was in town last Monday, to see what he could do toward organizing a commandry of the Order of the Red Cross. This order admits both ladies and gentlemen.

## MARRIED.

**POTTER—AVERY.**—At the residence of L. L. Cooper, by Rev. W. Pierce of Lima, on Wednesday, March 4, 1885, Volney H. Potter to Miss Mary P. Avery, all of Lima.

## DIED.

**KELLOGG.**—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. F. Wygant, on Feb. 24, at Leroy, Ingham Co., Mrs. Fanny Kellogg, widow of the late Nathan Kellogg, in the 78th year of her age.

Mrs. Kellogg was one of the old pioneers of Lima, having settled there in 1834.

## Farmers, Look Here.

I had an old hedge on my place which was entirely worthless. The Dayton hedge company treated it on their plan, and now I would not take five dollars a rod for it. Call and see it. I have given them an order for two hundred rods of their fence at one dollar a rod.

HERAM CURTIS,  
Norvell, Jackson Co., Mich.

Please bear in mind that the Dayton Hedge Co. is operating on an entirely different system than any other hedge company. They do not sell plants for people to set out and train themselves, but they contract to build you a hedge fence, train and trim it for a period of four years, and ask no pay only in proportion as the work is done. Their process of training overcomes all objections formerly encountered in hedges. They build fences that will be not only stock proof, but ornamental and everlasting. We trust you will attend to this matter at once, as April is the only month that we set plants; you will lose a year's growth of hedge if not ordered now.

## Now is the time to catch FISH!

## PREPARE FOR LENT!

\$1 will catch 25 pounds best Cod Fish at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

\$1 will catch 12 pounds No. 1 White Fish at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

85 cents will catch 12 pounds No. 1 Trout at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

80 cents will catch 12 pounds No. 1 Mackerel at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

25 cents will catch a box of best Herring at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

25 cents will buy 4 1/2 lbs best crackers at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

## Best Goods, and Lowest Prices at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

A new arrival of Haskell's Dress Silks at B. Parker & Co's. We warrant them not to crack for six months from date of purchase. Please examine them.

Buy your groceries at French's and save 25 per cent.

Dr. Wright, dentist, is prepared to do dental work at his residence on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

House and Lot for sale or rent enquire of Mrs. Lawrance or C. E. Babcock.

House and lot for sale on Middle-street, west. Inquire of M. J. Lehman.

House and two lots for sale. Inquire of Jas. F. Harrington. 21tf.

For Sale Cheap! Seasoned, sawed hard and soft wood pickets. 21tf H.P. Seney.

C. Stein ach has just received a splendid lot of violins, cases, bows, strings, music books, etc. Also one viola. Musicians should call and see it as it is an instrument highly adapted for playing second to a violin. He has also received another consignment of music books for pianos, organs, violins, and in fact books for every instrument. Also sheet music, both vocal and instrumental. All will be sold at bottom prices. 21tf.

Nice country cured hams 10c. per pound at H. S. Holmes & Co's.

Furniture cheap! Two set cane chairs; rocking chairs; one walnut bureau with glass; one centre table; one lamp stand; one good washing machine, etc. These goods are in good shape and will be sold cheap. W. W. Hendricks.

House and lot for sale, on South Main-st. Inquire of F. McNamara.

Ho! For Florida! We can advise some one where they can pick up a bargain in a five-acre lot or more in the booming town of Altamonte, Orange Co., Fla. Only a few steps from the new railroad depot. Call at this office. 25-26

All persons indebted to the firm of Parker & Babcock, either by book or note are requested to call and settle at once, as they wish to close up the accounts as soon as possible. Interest charged on all accounts after Jan. 15.

For sale! One mare and single harness, one colt, 2 next summer, 1 open buggy and one box cutter. All for \$165. Inquire of Mrs. Pierce, Lima Centre. 26tf.

HOUSE and lot for sale! Inquire of U. H. TOWNSEND.

Prudden Bros. are now ready to put down drive or tubular wells on short notice. Drive well supplies constantly on hand. Agents for the Star windmill. Address, Chelsea.

Subscribe for the HERALD and get all the news.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

GENERAL STATE ITEMS.

The town of Ewart narrowly escaped having a big fire Feb. 25. March 1, there were 900 inmates in the Ionia house of correction. Kalamazoo is also trying to secure the Oliver Chilled Flow works. Oscar Bradley, an old and prominent member of the Genesee county bar, is dead. Fred Shannon dropped dead in the Southern Michigan hotel in Coldwater Feb. 27. Samuel Wells of Buchanan has been appointed Swamp Land Road Commissioner. The Hillsdale boat crew, which won renown several years ago, is about to be reorganized. The Detroit postoffice bill is now a law, the president having signed it February 27. A Coldwater man is filling an order for 28,000 base ball clubs for a Philadelphia firm. Hudson prohibitionists will put a full ticket in the field at the approaching spring election. The First National bank of Traverse City has been duly organized with a capital of \$50,000. Lieut. Col. M. J. Dickinson of the Second Michigan Cavalry, died in South Haven on the 25 ult. Several incendiary fires occurred in West Bay City February 27, at an aggregate loss of \$10,000. The question of submitting a constitutional amendment to the people was defeated in the Senate. Julius Jennings, a man well known throughout the Grand River Valley, died in Sheridan recently. Jerome Truax, a prominent citizen of Adrian, is in the Ingham county jail for contempt of court. Mrs. Ripley of Reed City made a meal of raw pork and vinegar. Trichinae caused Mrs. Ripley's death. Fenwick Weeks was instantly killed on the logging railroad in Wright & Ketchum's camp in Midland county. Mrs. Anna Parks, aged 100, died in Kalamazoo February 27. Mrs. Parks was a native of Mayo county, Ireland. Two hundred tons of ice have been put up at Island Lake, near Brighton, for use of the state troops in August next. E. B. Wood, one of the most prominent members of the Lenawee county bar, died at his home in Tecumseh, Feb. 23. Miss Emma G. Young of Owego, N. Y., died in Big Rapids, where she was visiting. She had been ill but a short time. Thos. Ford, living near Ewart was found dead in bed the other morning. Mr. Ford had reached the ripe old age of 101 years. Jabe Knight, the Bay City tough who killed Lou Hall, an abandoned woman of that city, has been sentenced to five years in Jackson prison. Mrs. Burrall of Jackson has brought suit for dower against the estate of her former husband, John Hurd. The estate is appraised at \$125,000. Mrs. Bates of Detroit, whose husband was killed in November last by a member of the Detroit police force, asks the legislature for aid for herself and children. Alvah Dibbell was arrested near Flint Feb. 27, for shooting Ed. Mann at the time of the charivari tendered old man Dibbell near Howell some weeks since. "Dr." Gunn of Howell, recently arrested for assaulting a young girl in Holly, has been sentenced to 90 days' imprisonment in the Detroit city correction. James A. Barker has been convicted at Hart of murder in the second degree in killing his brother-in-law, William Makin. His sentence was ten years to Jackson. A destructive fire occurred in Pewamo on the 24th ult., destroying an entire row of buildings. This is the second fire that ever occurred in that village. The loss is about \$8,000. A 16 year old daughter of C. K. Edwards, a well-to-do farmer living near Ewart, took strychnine while laboring under religious excitement, and died before medical aid could reach her. A 12 year-old grandson of the famous Chippewa chief Pecoskey, is an expert roller skater. His appearance at Cadillac in full Indian costume and war paint, created quite a sensation. There are 14,586,000,000 feet of pine and hemlock timber, yet uncut, in the vicinity of Manistee and its tributaries. Who says our lumber resources are exhausted?—Manistee Standard. Prisoners in the Lapeer jail made a desperate attempt to escape a few days since, but the timely arrival of the sheriff and turnkey with cocked revolvers had a very quieting effect upon them. Daniel Slocum, on trial at Allegan for assault with intent to kill, was found guilty by 13 intelligent jurors of simple assault and battery, because he was "too drunk to be responsible for his acts." Robert Darrow, a young man 18 or 20 years old, working in the woods on the farm of Wm. Curry, four or five miles east of Tecumseh, was instantly killed Tuesday by being struck by a falling tree. A facetious individual in Bay City placed a sign on his lawn the other day, which read "Keep off the grass." As the snow is four feet deep on the lawn it is to be presumed his orders will be obeyed. Union ticket agent Chas. A. Warren of Detroit, will sell you Michigan Central or Lake Shore round trip tickets to Washington for \$15, good going Feb. 28, March 1, 2 and 3, and good returning on March 10. Thirteen persons came across the ice to the mainland from the propeller City of Ludington, ice bound opposite Ludington. The propeller left Sheboygan, Wis., on the 10th inst, and became fast in the ice off Manistee. De Hoy's house near Schoolcraft was burned to the ground recently. Mrs. Hoy was very ill at the time, but taking her young babe in her arms she sought safety in the barn until the neighbors came for her. The Eaton Rapids Baptist church celebrated its fourth anniversary Sunday, February 22. It started with seven charter members, of whom only one, Deacon Samuel Ferris, 85 years old, survives, and has 280 members now. The postal telegraph system will be in operation in Port Huron sometime during the month of April next. The rate will be twenty cents for twenty-five words, and one cent for each additional word to any part of the country. A drunken man was refused admission into the hotels in Roscommon a few nights ago. He wandered about the street every where, and at last gained admission into a

SPRING CAMPAIGN.

The Nominees of the Democrats, Greenbackers and Prohibitionists.

A Report of Proceedings. THE DEMOCRATS. The Democratic state convention met in Bay City Feb. 25, for the purpose of nominating candidates for judge of the supreme court and regents of the state university. Shortly after 11 o'clock the convention was called to order at Westover's opera house by Jerome Eddy, who, at the direction of the central committee, named Col. Geo. F. Sanford of Lansing as temporary chairman. Col. Sanford made a ringing speech, alluding to the great mission of reform of the Democratic party. In closing he noticed the distinguished member of the national committee, Don M. Dickinson, whom he asked to the platform, and when he got there a speech was called for. Mr. Dickinson said this was the beginning of part three in the national history. The chapters would be entitled the downfall of Republicanism, the end of sectionalism, the revival of Democratic principles, the end of moneyed power, the end of protection to capital alone, the end of the rule of moneyed aristocracy. Cleveland's would be no Miss Nancy administration. He believed and thought Cleveland believed that if this was to be a revival of Democratic principles none but Democrats should be put on guard. Mr. Whitman of Washtenaw, moved the appointment of a conference committee of five, instead of one from each district. A long wrangle ensued, in which Mr. Kibbourn of Lansing, moved that the chairman be authorized to offer to make a coalition with the Greenbackers on the basis that this convention name the candidate for justice of the supreme court and one regent, giving the other regent to the Greenbackers. The motion was lost. A motion for the appointment of a committee consisting of one member from each district was finally carried. The committee was then instructed to confer with the convention at Lansing and arrange for a fusion ticket on equitable terms. The convention then took a recess till 1:30 P. M. Immediately after adjournment the conference committee sent a courteous telegram to the Greenback convention at Lansing announcing their appointment and desire to communicate with the greenback committee. On reassembling at 2:45 p. m., the committee on organization reported, recommending T. A. E. Whoadock of Bay City, for permanent president and M. H. Ford of Grand Rapids, as secretary. Mayor Whoadock in his speech of acceptance said, in regard to non-partisan nominations, that he remembered when the name of a republican (Justice Campbell) appeared on a Democratic ticket; but the memory of the oldest inhabitant failed to go back to the time when the name of a Democrat appeared on a Republican ticket; therefore he hoped that wheel-horses who had so ably assisted in the grand national victory would be nominated for the three positions. At this stage of the proceedings Don M. Dickinson handed up a telegram from Moses W. Field, asking to be placed in communication as one of the parties opposed to Republicanism with a view to making nominations mutually agreeable. It was referred to the committee on conference. The report of the committee on resolutions was read as follows and unanimously adopted: RESOLVED, That the Democratic party of Michigan reaffirms the platform adopted by its convention at Detroit, which said delegates to the national convention, which named the president and vice president elect. RESOLVED, That we hold the election of our national ticket as the verdict of the American people in favor of a return to the simple Democratic principles and methods of government; of the application of a policy in public affairs favoring the happiness and prosperity of the largest possible number of citizens of this republic, as opposed to the pampering of any class and to the policy of "protecting," subsidizing and nursing of capital and monopolies of all kinds at the expense of the masses, a policy that for twenty years has steadily tended to make the rich richer, the poor poorer, and to divide society into two classes, the one representing capital, and the other the employed or dependent. RESOLVED, That the Democracy of this state pledges its unwavering confidence to the incoming administration, and will earnestly endeavor to bear up the hands of the executive by the moral support of a united people. From the time the resolutions were submitted and adopted until 6:20, the hour when the conference committee announced their readiness to report, nothing of importance was done. At the hour named Chairman Hawley reported that after a great many propositions had been passed back and forth the following, made by the Democratic committee, was accepted by the Greenback convention: The Democratic convention shall nominate one candidate for judge of the supreme court and one candidate for regent. The Greenback convention shall nominate one regent and one provisional nominee for the supreme court, conducted upon the creation of an additional judge by act of the legislature. This met with the hearty approval of the convention and was unanimously adopted. The committee was instructed to advise the Greenback convention to wait and ratify the nominees of the Democratic convention. A recess of an hour was then taken. When the convention reassembled Mr. Hawley of the conference committee had read a telegram from J. C. Blanchard secretary of the Greenback convention, announcing the acceptance of the basis of fusion which the Democratic convention had previously adopted. Nominations for supreme judge were declared in order and nominating speeches were limited to five minutes. The convention decided to call the roll by district. No nominations were made until the fourth district was named, when the name of Eugene Fringle of Jackson was presented. The fifth district urged the nomination of Maj. A. B. Morse of Ionia. The sixth district presented the name of William Newton of Genesee. After the nomination of Newton a delegate asked the politics of the candidate just named, and a voice replied: "A Greenbacker." Judge Newton's voucher said the judge had consistently voted the Democratic ticket for thirty years. The sixth district named A. C. Baldwin of Oakland. The seventh district seconded the nomination of Mr. Baldwin.

SPRING CAMPAIGN.

The Nominees of the Democrats, Greenbackers and Prohibitionists.

On the eighth district being called, Saginaw seconded the nomination of Morse, and Shiawassee seconded the nomination of Newton. The ninth and eleventh districts seconded the nomination of Morse. At the conclusion of the list the second district concluded to present the name of A. L. Millard of Lenawee. An informal ballot showed the following result: Eugene Fringle..... 46 A. B. Morse..... 242 1/2 William Newton..... 46 A. C. Baldwin..... 16 1/2 A. L. Millard..... 29 Archibald McDonnell..... 145 The chair remanded the convention that a regent was to be named. On the first district being called Mr. Enright presented the name of Mr. Carl R. Whitman of Washtenaw. No opposition to Mr. Whitman's nomination was shown, and he was named by acclamation. No notice of the action of the Greenback convention had been received and the chairman of the convention and the chairman of the conference committee were instructed to promulgate the nomination of the second regent with a vote of thanks to the officers of the convention. Adjourned. THE GREENBACKERS. The Greenbackers assembled in state convention at Mead's hall in Lansing at 11 o'clock on the morning of Feb. 25, and were called to order by W. D. Fuller of Newaygo, chairman of the state committee. Chairman Miller said the stringent times prevented a large attendance, but expressed satisfaction at the number (115) present. In his remarks he alluded to the fact that the party held the balance of power. At the close of his address he introduced Moses W. Field as temporary chairman, at which the delegates again applauded. Mr. Field was received with enthusiasm, and made the usual speech as to the growth of Greenback principles and their ability this time to defeat the Republican party. Moses W. Field was appointed permanent chairman and Charles H. Freeman of Detroit, permanent secretary. The appointment of committees was next in order. James I. Mead of Lansing, offered a set of resolutions which recited that the Greenback party of this state had combined with the Democratic party for five years for the sole object of relieving labor from the bankrupting tyranny of the money power fostered by the Republican party. The leaders of the Democratic party by their utterances had justified Greenbackers in the expectation that the president-elect would favor a change in the financial and land questions, but the selection of his cabinet shows it is but a transfer of one set of money-bags and monopolists for another. In view of these facts, the Greenback labor party should separate and agitate independently for reforms which must come either by the ballot or the ballot. The resolution was referred, as was also the following: "RESOLVED, That the progress of true civilization, the highest happiness and prosperity of our people, would be promoted by the union of the Greenback and Temperance parties." After listening to several resolutions, the convention adjourned until 2 p. m., when a telegram was received from the Democratic convention at Bay City announcing that a committee of conference had been appointed. A similar committee was appointed by this convention, which thereupon proceeded to the telegraph office to talk back with Bay City. The committee on resolutions submitted their ideas substantially as follows: The National Greenback party of Michigan reaffirms the principles set forth in the Indianapolis platform of 1884, viz: opposition to the national debt in lawful money; favoring continuance of the coinage of silver dollars and the issuing of all currency by the government, and making all such issues legal tender for payment of all debts, public and private. Other resolutions demanded the framing of laws against permitting aliens to hold or to transmit real estate to aliens, and urging upon Congress the enactment of laws prohibiting such ownership; the policy of the land grant system, which has laid the foundation for that curse of all nations, a landed aristocracy, is emphatically condemned, and the enactment of laws demanding declaring forfeited to the people all land grants where the terms of the grant have not been fulfilled; the action of the government in refusing to apply the surplus to the discharge of the national debt is strongly condemned; declares that the United States troops should never be used to destroy homesteads or grove pioneers from the public domain; that the term of the United States judges of the Supreme Court should be extended beyond six years. A supplemental resolution was inserted demanding laws for the taxation of lands now held by foreign alien syndicates and aristocrats for the support of the government, and a second resolution was adopted declaring that mortgages upon real estate should be taxed to the mortgagee where the mortgaged property is situated, and the valuation of the mortgage be deducted from the value of the property, the balance to be taxed to the owner of the property, the valuation of land and mortgages for purposes of taxation to be at the same rate per cent of their actual value. The committee on conference reported through John C. Blanchard that they had received two propositions from the Democratic convention. One proposition was that the Democrats take the judge and second regent and the greenbackers first regent and second judge if the bill now before the legislature passes. The second proposition was that the Democrats take the judge and the Greenbackers the two regents, the second judge, if it becomes necessary to nominate one, to be named by the state committees of the two parties. The first proposition was adopted. A recess of an hour was taken, and when the convention reassembled a telegram was read from the Democrats saying they would make their nominations and asking the Greenbackers to do the same, and hold the conventions to ratify the nominations. The chair announced that under arrangements made it was in order to nominate regents. Moses W. Field of Detroit was placed in nomination, and supported heartily, and the nomination was made unanimous by acclamation. The Secretary was instructed to inform the Democrats of Mr. Field's nomination. A little later a message was received from the Democrats announcing the nominations of A. B. Morse of Ionia for supreme court judge and Chas. R. Whitman of Ypsilanti for regent. These nominations were confirmed by acclamation and the convention adjourned sine die. THE PROHIBITIONISTS. The Prohibition state convention convened at Back's opera house in Lansing on February 25.

Samuel Dickie, chairman of the state central committee, called the convention to order and Rev. O. F. A. Spinning of Grand Lake, made the opening prayer. After congratulating the convention on their fight in the last campaign, and making glowing predictions of future success, the committee chairman named E. S. Woodman of Northville, as temporary chairman. Wm. A. Taylor of Lansing was made temporary secretary. Committees on permanent organization, credentials, resolutions and finance were appointed in order of congressional districts, and the convention adjourned until after noon. On the reassembling of the prohibition convention at 2:15 p. m., a much larger number was in attendance. The committee on permanent organization recommended that the temporary officers be made permanent, with George Lauch as first and Harvey Roach as second assistant secretaries. The following order of business was adopted. Reports of the committees on credentials, on finance and on resolutions, in the order named; nomination of officers and miscellaneous business. The resolutions reaffirm the declaration of principles and oppose all overtures for fusion. While maintaining the party organization, yet they are of the opinion that judicial nominations and nominations to positions of educational trust should be non-partisan; that the attempt to trace the name of John P. St. John has simply convicted the Republican national committee of a dastardly attempt to bribe a nominee to the betrayal of his supporters, and vindicated him of all connection therewith. They request the Senate to provide for submission of a prohibitory amendment at the next general election after 1885, and express the profound conviction that the mere submission or even adoption of such an amendment will not be sufficient, but that the party in power must give such prompt and abundant legislation as shall make the amendment effective, or give place to a party that without evasion of any kind shall carry out the wishes of the people. The resolution that judicial nominations and nominations to positions of educational trusts should be non-partisan called forth a lively discussion, and when put to vote was finally defeated. The resolution concerning the submission of a prohibitory amendment called out various opinions, and the following was offered as a substitute. "RESOLVED—That we are in sympathy with the proposed constitutional amendment and assure the temperance element of all parties that we will render it our hearty support, and if it fails at the polls the responsibility will not rest on our shoulders. It was discussed pro and con, the argument seeming to be about equally divided. Numerous motions were made, most of them going unrecognised. O. S. Grennell of Grand Rapids amended to lay the substitute and the original resolution on the table. The amendment was last. Alfred Wiles, chairman of the finance committee, reported after the resolutions were finally harmoniously disposed of. He said that at the last meeting of the state central committee they were found to be still about \$1,000 in debt. The recommendation of the report was that the roll of counties be called to see how much of the assessment of the state central committee had been paid. This was done and the deficit in nearly every district was guaranteed to be made up by the delegates present. On motion of Mr. Dickie the convention proceeded to the nomination of candidates. Thomas M. Cooley was nominated, and the nomination seconded by O. A. Cazier of Ann Arbor. Considerable discussion arose as to the advisability of nominating Judge Cooley, as he had been quoted as saying that he would not accept a partisan nomination, but being accepted by Professor Dickie, who had had a long talk with Judge Cooley that the nomination would not be repudiated, it was made unanimous. For regents, L. S. Ellis of Manistee and Rev. F. B. Cressy were nominated, the nomination in each case being unanimous. After a short address by Mrs. Mary I. Lathrop, the convention adjourned. DETAILED MARKET. Wheat, No. 1 white..... 80 @ 87 Wheat—No. 2 red..... 75 @ 87 Flour..... 4 00 @ 4 30 Corn..... 40 @ 43 Oats..... 32 @ 33 Barley..... 1 90 @ 1 35 Rye per bu..... 43 @ 50 Buckwheat..... 2 15 @ 2 25 Corn meal, per 100..... 18 50 @ 22 00 Clover Seed, per bu..... 4 80 @ 4 90 Timothy Seed, per bu..... 1 55 @ 1 60 Apples per bu..... 1 75 @ 2 25 Apples per bu..... 60 @ 75 Butter, per lb..... 15 @ 16 Eggs..... 12 @ 20 Chickens..... 12 @ 19 Turkeys..... 16 @ 17 Ducks..... 12 @ 13 Geese..... 10 @ 11 Potatoes..... 38 @ 40 Onions, per bu..... 1 10 @ 1 15 Turnips..... 30 @ 35 Hurney..... 19 @ 15 Beans, picked..... 1 25 @ 1 30 Beans, unpicked..... 80 @ 90 Hay..... 13 00 @ 17 00 Straw..... 6 00 @ 7 00 Pork, dressed, per 100..... 5 60 @ 5 75 Pork, mess new..... 12 50 @ 12 75 Pork, family..... 12 50 @ 12 75 Hams..... 19 1/2 @ 11 Shoulders..... 7 @ 7 Lard..... 05 @ 07 Tallow..... 5 @ 5 1/2 Beef, extra mess..... 12 00 @ 12 50 Wood, Beech and Maple..... 5 75 @ 6 00 Wood, Maple..... 5 50 @ 5 50 Wood, Hickory..... 6 75 @ 7 00 LIVE STOCK. Hogs—Rough packing, \$4 45 @ 4 75; packing and shipping, \$4 75 @ 5 20; light, \$4 40 @ 4 85; skips, \$3 60 @ 4 25. CATTLE—Shipping steers, \$4 25 @ 4 90; 1,000 to 1,300 lbs., \$5 @ 5 50; 1,350 to 1,500 lbs., \$5 @ 6 40; Texans, \$3 70 @ 4 75. SHEEP—Inferior to fair, \$2 25 @ 3; medium to good, \$3 @ 3 75; extras, \$4 60 @ 4 65. Eggs are valued in China according to their age. All eggs are put in pickle and it is not until they become black throughout that they are used. An egg that is 40 or 50 years old is considered a great luxury, fit for the gods. It is a poor polly for a man to say "This world is full of rascals." If he desires to express it as an opinion he had best have written it in his posthumous memoirs.—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph. The progress of exploration, the changes in frontiers and the building of new cities and towns keep the map publishers busy. Africa calls for more changes than any other part of the world.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE. FEBRUARY 23. SENATE—A number of bills of minor importance were introduced, but aside from this and the transaction of routine business, nothing was done. HOUSE—A few bills were introduced and one passed, extending the time for collecting the taxes in Wyandotte. FEBRUARY 24. In both the Senate and House the entire time was taken up with the introduction of bills, a perfect avalanche coming in to-day. The time allowed for the introduction of bills has nearly expired and every number who has one prepared is anxious to have it brought to the notice of the Legislature, even if never heard of again. FEBRUARY 25. The limit of the time for the introduction of bills was fixed for to-day, and a flood of them was poured in, many being but duplicates of others introduced on other days. In the House a bill was passed extending the time for collecting taxes in the state 40 days from Feb. 28. FEBRUARY 27. SENATE—The bills authorizing Cadillac and Ewart to raise money for public improvements were reconsidered, property qualifications for voting stricken out and bills repealed. The bill relative to finding of verdicts by less than six jurors in justice courts was defeated. Adjourned. HOUSE—The governor signified his approval of the acts to allow St. Louis to borrow money; to extend the time for the collection of taxes in Chesaning, in Wyandotte, and in the state. The governor returned, as requested, the bills to authorize Ewart and Cadillac to borrow money. The property qualifications for voters was reconsidered and stricken out and the bills again passed. The following bills passed on third reading. Establishing the penalty of death for the crime of murder; incorporating Elsie; vacating a cemetery in Vassar. Adjourned. Women's rights seem to be recognized among the elephants. They herd in lots of 30, 50 or 100 and are invariably led by a female; never by a male. So is more than probable that even Jumbo in his native haunts, would have been under his mother's apron strings or noosed about by a big sister. Of course, we say this as a joke. We believe in women. Harry Hill, once known as "the wickedest man in New York," recently had his saloon license revoked. A petition for a renewal of the license has since been circulated and signed by 60,000 men of the metropolis.

DE MASSA ON DE SHEEPFOL

The New York Sun asks for information as to the authorship of the following, and says: "The beautiful poem in the English language, 'The Mass on de Sheepfol' is attributed to Mr. Joel Chandler Harris of Atlanta, the author of 'Uncle Remus' but he says that it is not his. We found it wandering about the columns of the newspaper a year or two ago, and have been unable to ascertain either its authorship or its correct title. We shall be grateful to anyone who can supply the desired information."

De massa ob de sheepfol!
Dat gard de sheepfol' bin,
Look on de gloomerin' meadows,
Whar de long night rain bein'—
So he call de brelin' shepa'd,
Is my sheep, is dey all come in!

An exchange answers: The Sun and its readers will find the little poem in "Townsend, the Story of a Sinner," the second novel written by Sally Pratt Maclean, author of "Cape Cod Folks." It is on page 74. It is prefaced by the following extract:

THE STORY OF PATSY.

CHAPTER III.

The next morning I was startled from a profound sleep by a tremendous peep of the doorbell. Though only half awakened my forebodings seemed realized, and the bell rang "Patsy" in my ears.

I hastily slipped on my dress, and going to the door saw just whom I expected, Jim.

"What is the matter with Patsy?"

"He's turrible bad, Miss. He got took with one o' them fits the worst kind in the night and liked ter die. Yer could hear him screech a block off."

"Oh, my poor boy! Have you had a doctor? What did he say?"

"He says most likely it's measles or mumps. They're all over town!"

"Oh for shame!" I cried "don't let him come into the house again. I will bring another. Who is with Patsy now? Are you going back?"

"No, Miss; I got ter go'n git leave from boss for I kin drop work. The boys found Mr. Kennet, and he's mindin' Patsy." (Mrs. Kennet only produced her husband on extraordinary occasions; at other times he retired like a moon on a dark night.)

"He cries for you; he says he don't want nothin' but just Miss Kate, and he's that crazy he wants to git up 'n come to the Kindergarten!"

"Dear little lad!" I said, trying to keep back the tears. "Here, Jim, take the school keys to Miss Margeret, and ask her to take my place to-day. I'll start in ten minutes for Patsy."

"Thank yer, Miss. Say! you think he'll git over this, don't you, Miss, like as he did them other ones afore? I know he's nothin' but a crooked little chap, but he ain't no trouble, 'n his keep don't cost much, and he's getting smart 'n able to work now; I'm so used to him I don't like to let him go."

"Well, we'll hope for the best, and perhaps we can pull him through," I said in homely phrase.

"Pull him through!" Had years passed over his head since I saw him last? He seemed to have grown old with the night's pain, but the eyes shone out with new lustre and brilliancy, making ready, I thought, to receive the heavenly visions. I knelt down by the bedside and took his cold hand in mine. I could not pray God to spare him, it was so clear that He had better take him to Himself.

"I knowed you would come, Miss Kate," he said faintly; "I knowed you'd hurry up, you's allers hurryin' up for us boys!" (Oh, how beautiful, how awesome it is to be the messenger of peace to an unhappy soul! So great a joy it is to bear, that it is not given to many twice in a lifetime.)

The rain beat upon the frail roof, the wind blew about the little house, and a darkness of fast-gathering black clouds, fell into the room in place of the morning sunbeams. It was a gloomy day for a journey, but if one were traveling from shadow into sunshine, I thought it would not matter much!

"Mrs. Kennet says I must hev a priest, but I don't want no priest but you," came the faint voice from the bed. "What does priests do, when folks is sick, Miss Kate?"

"They pray, Patsy."

"What fur?"

"I paused, for in my grief I could think of no simple way of telling that ignorant little child what they did pray for.

"They pray," I said at length, "because they want to talk to God about a little boy who is coming to Him, to tell Him how glad they are that he is to be happy at last, but that they shall miss him very, very much."

"The priest lives clear out Market, 'n he wouldn't git 'ere fore God knew

the bull thing 'thout his tellin' of it. You pray, Miss Kate."

"Oh, thou dear, loving Father in Heaven, Patsy's Father and mine, who givest all the little children into their mother's arms, if one of them is lost and wandering about the world forlorn and alone, surely Thou wilt take him to a better home. We send little Patsy to Thee and pray that his heart may be filled with joy and thankfulness when he comes to live in Thy house."

"Tell 'im 'bout them three years what I lost, so't he'll make 'lowance jest as you did."

"Oh, God, who saw fit to lay heavy burden on Patsy's little shoulders and take away his three years, make them up to him in his heavenly life."

"Yer never said amen! 'Taint no good 'thout yer say amen!"

"Amen!"

Silence for many minutes. The brain is alive with thoughts, but the poor, tired body is weakened already with the labor of telling them. When he speaks again it is more slowly and with greater difficulty.

"I guess—Heaven—is kind o' like—our Kindergarten—don't you? 'n so—I ain't goin' to feel—strange! There's beautiful places and flowers bloom' and stream's runnin', like those in the stories you tell us, and lots of singin' like we have; and the peoples are good to each other, like our children, 'ceptin' Jimmy Batties—'n they'll do each other's work, in wait on the angels, 'n run errands for God, I s'pose—and everybody wear clean—white—aprons—like in the picture books, but I shan't like it much 'thout you git there pretty quick, Miss Kate;—but I ain't goin' to cry!"

"Oh, Patsy, my boy, it is for those who are left behind, to cry. It must be better to go!"

"Well, I'm willin' I've got enough o' this, I tell yer, wick-sches, 'n fits, 'n boys callin' sassy names—'n no grave ever on my pertater;—but I hate ter go 'way from the Kindergarten—only 'p'raps Heaven is just like, only bigger, 'n more children—'n no Jimmy Batties! Sing the hymn, will' yer please—Miss Kate?"

And in a voice choked with tears, as Jim came in the door, and lifted Patsy in his arms, I sang the hymn that he had sung, with folded hands and reverent mien, every morning of his life in the Kindergarten.

"Father we thank Thee for the night, And for the pleasant morning light; For rest and gladness, love and care, And all that makes the day so fair! Help us to do the things we should; To be to others kind and good; In all we do, in work or play, To grow more loving every day!"

The last lingering/trembling note falls upon the death-like stillness of the room, as with one sharp, brief struggle, one look of ineffable love and peace, the tired lids droop heavily over the eyes, never to be lifted again. Light has gleamed upon the darkened pathway, but the silent room, the dying fire, the falling light and the falling rain are all in fellowship with Death. My blessed boy! God has given him back his three lost years.

THE END.

Valuable Metals.

Following are the names of those metals valued at over \$1,000 an avoirdupois pound, the figures given representing the value per pound:

Vanadium—A white metal discovered in 1830, \$10,000.

Rubidium—An alkaline metal, so-called for exhibiting dark red lines in the spectrum-analysis, \$9,070.

Zirconium—A metal obtained from the mineral zircon and hyacinth, in the form of a black powder, \$7,200.

Lithium—An alkaline metal; the lightest metal known, \$7,000.

Glucium—A metal in the form of a grayish black powder, \$5,400.

Calcium—The metallic base of lime, \$1,500.

S'rontium—A malleable metal of a yellowish color, \$1,200.

Terbium—Obtained from the mineral gadolinite, found in Sweden, \$4,080.

Yttrium—Discovered in 1828, is of a grayish black color, and its luster perfectly metallic, \$4,080.

Erbium—The metal found associated with yttrium, \$3,400.

Cerium—A metal of high specific gravity, a grayish white color, and a lamellar texture, \$3,400.

Dydimium—A metal found associated with cerium, \$3,200.

Ruthenium—Of a gray color, very hard and brittle, extracted from the ores of platinum, \$2,400.

Rhodium—Of a white color and metallic luster, and very hard and brittle. It requires the strongest heat that can be produced by a wind furnace for its fusion, \$2,300.

Niobium—Previously named columbine, first discovered in an ore found at New London, Conn., \$2,300.

Barium—The metallic base of baryta, \$1,800.

Palladium—A metal discovered in 1802, and found in very small grains, of a steel gray color and fibrous structure, \$1,400.

Osmium—A brittle, gray colored metal, found with platinum, \$1,300.

Iridium—Found native as an alloy with osmium in lead gray scales, and is the heaviest of known substances, \$1,000.

Rev. Dr. Herrick, of New York, tells his congregation to read their newspapers with a pair of scissors in one hand, to cut out all that bears upon their work. He practices what he reaches in this respect.

The committee having in charge the grand ball to be given March 5 by the Wisconsin legislature have issued a formal notice that "clawhammer coats and all duds will be excluded."

A Maine Superstition.

Lewiston, Maine, Journal. A pirate, who is supposed to have flourished in the good old times when Capt. Kidd was sent out to scourge the freebooters of the Atlantic and turned Pirate King himself, was Capt. Gibbs. There is a tradition firmly believed by people along the coast, especially in the island settlements, that this Capt. Gibbs hid an immense treasure on one of the thousands of rocky islets that make the coast of Maine so ragged.

As the tradition goes Capt. Gibbs was a giant seven feet tall, with a black beard that he divided into two strands and tied in a sailor's knot under his chin. So powerful the muscles of his back, legs and arms are said to have been, that he was able to shin to the top of the longest spar that ever was set in ship, without the aid of line or rigging. The tradition further deposes that it was Capt. Gibbs' cheerful habit to mix a mighty bowl of punch for himself and his crew, just before they bore down on a merchant vessel. It is said that there were two peculiarities about this punch. Lemons were hard to get in those days, and Capt. Gibbs' substitute was gunpowder, of which he always had a goodly store, and which gave the punch a flavor very pleasing to himself and his porcelain-lined and copper riveted crew. When the West India rum and the brown sugar and the gunpowder had been stirred well together, the hardy captain and his messmates each produced from the corner of his chest, a man's skull, and with these ghastly goblets they dipped from the bowl of punch brimming libations, well seasoned of charcoal and brimstone, which they poured down their throats with a satisfaction that they did not attempt to conceal.

Thus inspired, it is not difficult to believe that fire did flash from their eyes when they boarded a prize and drew their gleaming steels on the crew, with an impetuosity that always resulted in a short but bloody battle and an easy capture. The history of Capt. Gibbs is legendary and vague. It has been handed down from father to son and from mother to daughter. One may hear a dozen or more different versions of it in the homes of Maine sailors and fishermen, the only points of agreement being these three: There was a Capt. Gibbs; he acquired by piracy an enormous treasure; he buried his money somewhere on the Maine coast and the time will come when somebody will find it and be rich.

A few years ago, a seamed and grizzled old sailor, who said he was over one hundred years old, died in a Boston hospital. He was nursed by a kind and aged woman to whom he imparted, on his deathbed, a great secret. This secret was the hiding place of Capt. Gibbs' treasure. He had been told the marks by another old sailor as a reward for having saved his life. And this other old sailor had it from the lips of one of the brave fellows who had drunk rum and saltpetre with Capt. Gibbs, himself. Each of these old sailors in his turn had expected to seek and find the buried gold, but each of them was foiled. The dying old salt declared that the devil must have wanted the treasure himself, for as soon as anybody who knew this secret started towards the designated place, he either broke a leg, fell overboard and was drowned, or caught the Yellow Jack, or some accident or other prevented his accomplishing his purpose.

Soon after this solemn disclosure was made to her, this good old nurse retired from hospital service, and went to Portland to live. Her turn to die came about a year ago, and as she lay on the couch from which she never was to rise, she breathed into the ear of a Portland man the old sailor's secret. She said she never had lisped it to anybody else, for the reason that she intended to dig for it herself, but Death overtook her in the race.

This Portland man is a gray-haired, fat, good-natured fellow, as full of chimney-corner superstitions as a last year's chestnut is full of worms. The old lady could not have bequeathed her story to a more grateful heir. He accepted it wholly, sincerely. Last summer he spent many days and nights in trying to find the marks and dig up the property. He procured the assistance of divining rods and soothsayers. He had his fortune told by numerous oracles, who gazed into teacups or traced the lines in his palm. He succeeded in finding old Gibbs' mark, he says, but could not discover his money. I met him, a few days ago, and he was convinced that mortal man could not find the treasure. He had no objection to telling where Gibbs' pot was hidden and what his marks were, according to the sailor's statement. The treasure is concealed in the bowels of Overseet Island, a bit of ledge in Casco Bay and the principal mark is a large "G" cut into the rock. The Portland man says he has found this G, and the lower protuberance of letter hangs over like a sick negro's under lip, just as the dying sailor described it. He says it cost him many days of search to find this curious G, and indeed it is no easy task to make a landing on Overseet Island. He dug and dug and dug. The soil is thin and the rock is hard and that is all he discovered. He says he is not discouraged, but will renew the search, this year.

He has a summer house on Peak's Island. One morning in August last, he saw the flashing of two lanterns on a small island not far out in the harbor. There was a flash on Peak's Island, then. It was in his mind. He jumped at the conclusion that those men were digging for treasure; he might have been at work in the wrong place, after all, and they might get old Gibbs' pile! The next day was Sunday. He rowed to the island, where he had seen the light. He found his suspicion was correct. A number of fresh holes had been dug in the ground. He commenced digging and dug all day. In one excavation, he says he found, fashioned of small stones a little way under ground, the four letters F I W N—as plain as in the primer. He could not make out the meaning of these symbols, but had not the least doubt that they indicated the hiding place of a treasure. He translated the letters "Foot of Tree West by North," but there were so many trees that this clue was useless. The next Sunday he revisited the island with a determination to make further explorations. He declared that the hole in which he found the mysterious letters had been filled up and grass had grown over it! This discovery so startled him that he hastened away from the island as fast as he could row his boat, and never went back. He solemnly believes that this transformation was made by supernatural means and that somebody with whom he does not care to compete, is working that mine.

Some of the islanders say there is no doubt a treasure was dug up on Jewell's Island, many years ago, by an old man who suddenly became very rich and moved away—not before he had passed some very old gold coins of a stamp that nobody then living had seen.

The serious and matter of fact way in which these people talk to you about these things, puts you in a box. You want to laugh at them, but you feel that to yield to your sense of the risible, while looking at their grave faces, would be a rudeness.

An Artistic Humorous Gem.

The Baltimore American says: The choicest selection of copyrighted American humor and one which will delight every reader is now being distributed free throughout America. Nearly all the humorists and comic artists of the country are represented in it, among them "Bill Nye," Robert J. Burdette, Burlington Hawkeye; F. H. Gassaway, "Derrick Dodd," San Francisco Post; C. B. Lewis, "M. Quad," Detroit Free Press; Stanley Huntley, "Spoopendyke;" Opie P. Read, Arkansas Traveler; R. K. Munkittrick of Puck, and others. The book in question is the unique annual literary production of the Chas. A. Vogeler Company of this city, and is styled the St. Jacobs Oil Family Calendar and Book of Health and Humor for 1885. While it has been gotten up primarily for advertising purposes, it is so replete with original matter free from advertising reference that the business feature is almost a secondary one. Twelve million copies are issued for gratuitous distribution, being delivered from house to house in large cities, and in smaller towns furnished through the medium of druggists. It has been printed in a number of languages and for different countries. The press of Great Britain and Australia is unanimous in praising the merit and originality of its contents. The illustrated sketches are interspersed with testimonials as to the merits of the wonderful pain-cure, St. Jacobs Oil, the only remedy which received gold medals at the World's Fairs of Australia, India and other countries. The Red Star Cough Cure, a new discovery in medicine, has also space devoted to it. Boards of Health of large cities, eminent medical authorities, analytical chemists, chief officers of state and municipal governments have all testified not only to the curative effects of this remedy, but also to its freedom from narcotics, opiates and poisons which enter so largely into the composition of old-time preparations. The former editions of this little book were very attractive, but in the present instance both publishers and contributors seem to have determined that they would give the country all that is brightest and best in American humor.

A New Yorker has an odd way of jogging his memory by sending postal cards to himself. From his office in the day time he sends them to himself at home reminding himself of things to be attended to in the evening, and from his home he sends them to his office.

Bill Nye says that all cowboys are not sanguinary, but out of twenty you will generally find one who is brave when he has his revolver with him; but when he forgets and left his shooters at home on the piano, the most tropical violet eyed dude can climb him with the butt end of a sun-flower, and beat his brains out and spatter them all over the school.

Julian Hawthorne says the royal family of England are worth their weight in gold because they save so many people the trouble of deciding for themselves what things they shall wear, and how and when they shall wear them.

A man in Come, Ga., holds a note drawn in 1848, which was made payable when Lewis Cass was made President of the United States. As he has never become president the note has never been paid.

Municipal suffrage has been granted to unmarried women and widows in Ontario and Nova Scotia, and full suffrage for women has been obtained in Washington Territory. So it seems the world moves.

When Ristori was dying as "Queen Elizabeth," down south, the orchestra played "Dixie." This would have been more appropriate for the death of "Richard III."—Boston Budget.

Unbidden Guests.

The guests who attended my wedding-breakfast were unique in character. I was married in India. I engaged for our honeymoon a little house—sixteen miles or so from any other habitation of white men—that stood on the steep white cliffs of the Nerbudda river, which here flows through a canon of pure white marble. Close beside our house was a little hut, where a holy man lived in charge of an adjoining shrine, earning money for himself and the shrine by polishing little pieces of marble as mementoes for visitors. It was a wonderful place altogether, and, while my wife went in to change her dress, the servants laid breakfast on the veranda overlooking the river. At the clatter of the plates there began to come down from the big trees that overshadowed the house, and up the big trees that grew in the ravine behind it, from the house-roof itself, from everywhere, a multitude of solemn monkeys. They came up singly, and in couples, and in families, and took their places, without noise or fuss on the veranda, and sat there, like an audience waiting for an entertainment to commence. And, when everything was ready, the breakfast all laid, the monkeys all seated, I went in to call my wife. "Breakfast is ready, and they are all waiting," I said. "Who are waiting?" she asked, in dismay. "I thought we were going to be alone, and I was just coming out in my dressing-gown." "Never mind now," I said. "The people about here are not very fashionably dressed themselves. They wear pretty much the same things all the year around." So my wife came out. Imagine her astonishment. In the middle of the veranda stood our breakfast table, and all the rest of the space, as well as the railings and the steps, was covered with an immense company of monkeys, as grave as possible and as motionless and silent as if they were stuffed! Only their eyes kept blinking and their little round ears kept twitching. Laughing heartily—at which the monkeys only looked the graver—my wife sat down. "Will they eat anything?" asked she. "Try them," I said. So she picked up a biscuit and threw it among the company. And the result! Three hundred monkeys or more jumped up in the air like one, and just for one instant there was a riot that defies description. The next instant every monkey was sitting in its place as solemn and serious as if it had never moved. Only, their eyes winked and their ears twitched. My wife threw them another biscuit, and again the riot, and then another and another and another. But at length we had given away all that we had to give, and got up to go. The monkeys at once rose, every monkey on the veranda, and advancing very gravely to the steps, walked down them in a solemn procession, old and young together, and dispersed for the day's occupation.—From a Letter.

The London Explosion Plot of 1605. The infamous "Gunpowder Plot," with which the name of Guy Fawkes is associated, will be at once suggested to every mind by the recent explosion in the city of London. The salient features of that event are as follows: Upon the accession of James I., contrary to the expectation of the Romanists—the several penal laws of Elizabeth against those of that faith were again put into execution. The result was a plot hatched by Robert Catesby, and abetted by a number of other plotters and conspirators, to blow up with gunpowder the King, Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament. Guy Fawkes, a soldier of fortune, though of gentle birth, was admitted to the plot, and, with the others, took an oath of secrecy and participated in the sacrament administered by a Jesuit priest. At first a house adjoining the Parliament House was taken, and an underground passage partly completed. But this was subsequently relinquished for a cellar directly under the House of Lords, which was engaged by Fawkes, who, being little known, passed for a servant.

All was prepared by May, 1605. The cellar was filled with barrels of powder, carefully concealed, and disposed in such a fashion as to excite no suspicion. It was necessary to await the meeting of Parliament, which was to take place November 5. Meanwhile a number of wealthy and influential persons had been admitted to the scheme, and had taken the oath. It was their not unnatural desire to warn and save their friends in the two houses, who were members of the same faith. The day before the opening, Lord Montague, a prominent Roman Catholic Peer, received an anonymous and mysterious caution against attending the meeting. The matter was laid before the King, and a search held at midnight of November 4 by a magistrate revealed Fawkes just stepping out of the door. He did not conceal his purpose, but, though put to torture, refused to disclose the names of his confederates. A meeting of the conspirators was convened, and in the hue and cry that followed all were either killed or taken. These captured, eight in number, including Fawkes, were, after trial, drawn, hanged and quartered in January, 1606.

Fawkes is described by Jesuit evidence as a man of great piety, of exemplary temperance, of mild and cheerful demeanor, an enemy of broils and disputes and a faithful friend." November 5, set apart as a day of thanksgiving, has been marked by ceremonies recalling in one way or another the happy escape, which is also commemorated in the familiar jingle:

Oh please to remember The Fifth of November, The day of the Gunpowder Plot.

GATHERINGS.

It is rumored that J. N. Bailey, of the Argus, will be Ann Arbor's next postmaster.

The children of U. Schaible, deceased, of Saline, received \$2000 from the A. O. U. W., last week.

Col. J. S. Dean may be Ann Arbor's next mayor. The local papers say he would make a good one.

The auction sale at A. H. Holmes' last Wednesday, was very largely attended and every thing brought a good price.

Chas. White of Stockbridge, was convicted of selling whiskey contrary to law, and was fined \$50 and cost \$14.30, and sentenced to the county jail for fifty days. There's law for you.

"Coming events cast their shadow before," DeLand's goods have withstood all tests for thirty years, and the purity and excellence of their soda and saleratus show the glorious future for it.

The editor of the Sun says the snow banks are between fifteen and twenty feet high, in places between Stockbridge and this place. We know of places where they are one hundred feet high—on a hill!

W. H. Deubel, of Ypsilanti, was in town on Tuesday. He is an old successful miller and we learn that he wishes to purchase the Southern Washtenaw mills here, put in the roller system and run them in great shape.—Enterprise.

Of all the papers in the county, none shows its spite against the union party more than does the Courier. In its last issue it flings several items at them which it will now be obliged to swallow as the union party nominated an old Republican—no matter what he may be now—at its recent convention.

As to the submission of the prohibition amendment, Senator Kempf said to a Register reporter, Saturday, that he hoped to be found on the right side when it came to a vote. He thought the people had a right to vote on the question. There is no doubt of how the senator would vote at the polls on the amendment.—Register.

Upward and onward is the motto that Mishler's Herb Bitters has used ever since the presentation of the medicine to the American people, and in all cases of liver complaint, kidney diseases in their multiplied and intricate form and derangements of the stomach and bowels, it has proved its title to be the best remedy extant. Bryne Stanford, of Trounburgh, Steuben County, N. Y. writes: "The testimony of all who use it is, that it is both beneficial and reliable."

The publishers of Rutledge's Monthly offer twelve valuable rewards in their Monthly for March, among which is the following:

We will give \$20.00 to the person telling us the longest verse in the Old Testament Scriptures by March 10th, 1885. Should two or more correct answers be received, the reward will be divided. The money will be forwarded to the winner March 15th, 1885. Persons trying for the reward must send 20 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken) with their answer, for which they will receive the Monthly for April, in which the name and address of the winner of the reward and the correct answer will be published, and in which several more valuable rewards will be offered. Address Rutledge Publishing Company, Easton, Pa.

Monthly meeting of Washtenaw pomological society the 7th of March in the basement of the court house. Topics: fruit packages, experiment station, cranberries.

During the war, Mr. Hugh Duffy, a somewhat eccentric character buried a lot of silver upon his farm in Lyndon township. He undoubtedly had little faith in the greenback, and intended, in case the paper currency proved valueless to possess money which would pass in any portion of the world. Lately, the silver has been exhumed and is in circulation in the western portion of the county. The pieces are greater in circumference and not quite so thick as those coined of late date. Many of them are retained as pocket pieces.—Argus

This is the first we have heard of the "find." We hope some of the "pieces" will float into our pocket! With regard to the bill introduced by Senator Kempf for the laying of telephone, telegraph and electric wires underground in cities and villages, it is not probable that it will be passed or even voted upon by the senate. It would be manifestly unfair and unjust to the companies to lay this unnecessary expense on them and the money would eventually come out of the people's pocket. The different methods of laying wires underground without danger of induction are in their infancy and there is not one which can be said to be successful and at the same time economical. Senator Kempf himself does not expect the bill to pass, but introduced it more to please a friend than anything else.—Register.

R. S. Armstrong states that indigestion prepares every one for disease, but guarantees Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets to cure all forms of indigestion.

Very Remarkable Recovery. Mr. Geo. V. Willing, of Manchester, Mich., writes: "My wife has been almost helpless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters, and is so much improved, that she is able now to do her own work." Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers. Only fifty cents a bottle at R. S. Armstrong's.

Simultaneous with the opening of the spring campaign, of 1813, war of 1812' there was born at Auburn, N. Y., March 13, a male child, and they called him Nathaniel Buell Eldredge—came of warlike stock—his father was captain in war of 1812—his grandfather was lieutenant in war of revolution—his grandmother was daughter of Col. Silas Warner, historical Indian fighter of Massachusetts—Nathaniel B. received academic education—at 16 "whaled" children as schoolmaster—was appointed cadet at West Point—father to poor to send him and had to decline—mastered the science of pills and became a doctor, graduating at Fairfield college, N. Y.—settled in Oakland Co., Mich., in '37—practiced medicine six years—in '43 moved to Lapeer and was partner with Dr. Miller—practiced till '52—elected justice of the peace four times—four times was chairman Lapeer board supervisors—clerk of Michigan senate in '45—member of house in '48—elected judge of probate and appointed postmaster in '53—admitted to the bar in '54—formed law partnership of Eldredge & Walker—always was, always will be democrat—was first Lapeer man in '61 who enlisted in war against rebellion—raised a company—assigned to seventh infantry—promoted to major before regiment left the state—was in battle of Edward's Ferry and Ball's Bluff massacre—wrote a letter home severely blaming Gen. Stone for the disaster—letter got into print—Stone ordered him under arrest—waited six weeks without a trial and resigned and Gov. Blair appointed him member state military board and in '62 lieutenant col. 11th infantry—was in several fights in Tenn.—resigned for ill health in '53—went to Adrian in '65 and practiced law—mayor of Adrian in '70—defeated for congress same year (old district)—elected sheriff of Lenawee in '74—elected alderman in '78—elected to congress in '82—re-elected in '84—now serving second sentence—first democrat ever elected to congress in present second district—very persistent in his convictions—believes in free trade—social, companionable and jolly—always makes friends.

The above we found in a recent copy of the Evening News and as Mr. Eldredge has many friends hereabout, we reprint it.

The Pioneers.

The meeting announced to take place in the Town hall yesterday, was called to order at 11 o'clock by C. H. Wines, in the presence of the president, H. D. Platt. The meeting was opened by music rendered by a male quartette, followed by prayer by Rev. Mr. Mellwin. After another song, the minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. An obituary notice was then read by E. D. Lay of Mrs. Follett and Mrs. Arms, in which the reader spoke very highly of the departed ones. Remarks were also made by the secretary, Lorenzo Davis. The mortuary report shows that thirty-five pioneers have passed to the other shore since the last meeting, Sep. 3. The average age of the deceased was 76 1/2 years. This report was followed by remarks by Messrs. Davis and Lay, and Mr. Carpenter announced that after dinner he would speak. Music was then rendered by the Chelsea Cornet Band and the party adjourned for dinner.

At 2 o'clock the house was again called to order and the land delivered another nice selection. The quartette followed, Miss Maggie Gates officiating as organist. Mr. Carpenter then, in an interesting manner, described the old style of plow, and the former method of manufacturing nails; he also read a poem written forty years ago. Uncle John Geddes made a few well timed remarks, which were heartily received. A poem was then read by Mr. Davis which vividly recalled to the minds of the pioneers the hardships experienced fifty years ago. The secretary then announced that the society wanted relics of pioneer days, and if any of our readers have such, we hope they will correspond with him. The balance of the time before the train came was taken up by routine business. The next place of meeting will be decided upon by the executive committee.

We want to say a word of praise for the ladies who furnished the tables, as every one present spoke so highly of the quality and quantity, although there was a very large gathering, the secretary stating it was one of the largest meetings the society has had.

TRY IT YOURSELF. The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity to try the article yourself. Glazier, DePuy & Co., the Druggists, have a free trial bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for every one who is afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, or any Lung Affection.

R. S. Armstrong wishes it known that he guarantees Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets to be the best remedy for indigestion ever made, they always relieve headache.

Waterloo Gleanings.

Wm. Fisch has sold his farm to J. B. Lee for \$4500.

More than \$60 was raised for Rev. Roedell at the M. E. church last week.

M. J. Lehman and wife, of Chelsea spent Sunday with J. G. Schumacher.

The donation at the Baptist church last week, was a success in every respect. The amount donated was \$46.

One of Chelsea's "heavy weight" lawyers while driving through our township last Saturday was tipped into the snow.

A Great Discovery

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Ia., says: "My wife has been seriously affected with a cough for twenty-five years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years." Trial Bottles Free at R. S. Armstrong's Drug Store. Large size \$1.00.

Notice! All persons having bills against the village of Chelsea, are requested to present them at once. GEO. A. BEGOLE, Clerk.

Notice! All persons holding orders on the treasurer of the village of Chelsea, are requested to present them for payment at once. GEO. A. BEGOLE, Clerk.

OUR NEW DRESS GOODS HAVE ARRIVED!

Such a line has never been exhibited in this market before! It consists of

Satin Burbers, Jaquards, Ottomans, Cut Marvlous, Brocades and Silks.

A one yard Cashmere for 25c.; has been sold for 40c. A Damask Bed Spread for 98c.,

WORTH \$1.25.

A new line of White Goods for 10c. to 40c. per yard. A new line of elegant Embroideries, all over embroideries, Dress Gingham, Prints, Indigo Prints etc.

Table Linen in White and Red!

Bleached and Brown Cotton in all widths.

We shall be pleased to show our goods as we have a larger and better selected stock than has ever been in our store before.

Respectfully, B. PARKER & CO.

Table with 2 columns: Home Markets, The Fountain of Youth. Lists prices for various goods like Apples, Beans, Barley, Butter, Corn, etc.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for free, a costly box of good which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Glazier DePuy, & Co.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Glazier DePuy, & Co.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's cure is the remedy for you. Glazier DePuy & Co.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Glazier DePuy & Co.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Glazier DePuy & Co.

CATARH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Glazier DePuy & Co.

FOR DESPEPSIA and Liver complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Glazier DePuy & Co.

Notice! Notice is hereby given that the annual election for the election of village officers for the village of Chelsea, will be held at the Town hall, on Monday, March 9th, 1885. GEO. A. BEGOLE, Clerk.

Notice! Notice is hereby given that the board of registration of the village of Chelsea, will meet in the rooms of the village board in the Town hall, on Saturday, March 7th, 1885, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 5 P. M. GEO. A. BEGOLE, Clerk.

HACKMETACK, a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Glazier DePuy & Co.

The Fountain of Youth. Dyspepsia is the prevailing maledy of civilized life. A weak, dyspeptic stomach acts very slowly or not at all on many kinds of food, gasses are extracted, acids are formed and become a source of pain and disease until discharged. To be dyspeptic is to be miserable, hopeless, depressed, confused in mind, forgetful, irresolute, drowsy, weak, languid and useless. It destroys the Teeth, Complexion, Strength, Peace of Mind and Bodily ease. It produces Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of Stomach, Bad Taste in month, Bilious attacks, Palpitation of Heart, Inflammation of Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms. Dyspepsia invariably yields to the vegetable remedies, in GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS, the great purifier of the blood and restorer of health. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement. We warrant GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS. Take no others. Sold by R. S. Armstrong and Glazier, DePuy & Co.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sore, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. FOR SALE BY R. S. Armstrong.

CURE FOR PILES. Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, an easiness of stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration producing a very disagreeable itching after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching, and affecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piquette, Ohio. Sold by Glazier, DePuy & Co.

HELP for the working class. Send 10c. for postage and we will mail you free a royal box of simple goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young or old. You can easily earn from 50c to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, direction etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 14-40.



Soudan and the Soudanese.

What is the extent of the region known as the Egyptian Soudan? What is the character of the country? What are its productions? How do its millions of inhabitants subsist? What races or tribes constitute its population? These are questions often asked since the barbarian hordes, under the leadership of a Nubian boat builder who calls himself the Prophet, took up arms against the detested Egyptian task-masters and tax-gatherers and their European ally.

The Egyptian Soudan is a vast territory stretching southward from the twenty-third degree of north latitude, which runs not far from the second cataract of the Nile. The principal provinces are Nubia, Sennar, Kordofan, Dar Fur and Dongola. These provinces have been made tributary to Egypt by conquest. Nubia lies east of the Nile and extends from the northern limit of the Soudan almost to the southern extremity of Sennar, more than 300 miles south of Khartoum. A large part of Nubia is an arid waste, consisting of sandstone and granite. Vegetation is scanty and the water at best precarious. Along the banks of the Nile the soil is cultivable. The products are numerous, including maize, dates, tobacco, coffee and cotton. The Nubians, or Dongolawee, are a dark brown race, hardy and brave, and are excellent fighters.

The great province of Kordofan, stretching southwest from Khartoum, is a grassy steppe country, poorly watered except in the summer season when there are frequent showers. The inhabitants are of mixed races and are fanatical Mussulmans, ignorant, without tribal organization, and in every respect inferior to the Arabs. They cultivate the soil and engage to some extent in cattle raising. As warriors it is said the Kordofan people rank low, being badly armed and less courageous than the Dongolawee. On the plateaus of Dar Fur, west of Kordofan, the soil is capable of cultivation, but yields a scanty return of corn and cotton. Mixed races inhabit that region, as in Kordofan, but they are more resolute and warlike. They raise cattle, sheep and camels, and are nomads, wandering from place to place, having no villages. The province of Sennar, in the northern part of which Khartoum is situated, is an oasis in the desert. This province, lying between southern Nubia and Kordofan, is the river region and comprises the real riches of the Soudan. Here an abundance of fertile land is found along the Blue Nile and the White. Large crops of grain are raised near the rivers to a distance of 800 miles from Khartoum. The breeding of cattle and sheep is also extensively carried on in Sennar. The city of Khartoum is the commercial center of this entire country, from Berber on the north, to the Shilluk region on the White Nile. Its importance, therefore, from a military point of view in the present war is readily seen.

The average daily attendance at the New Orleans Exposition, according to the latest reports, is not yet large enough to meet the current expenses. There is no prospect that the exposition will ever be made to pay. The suggestion in New Orleans newspapers of closing it up and reopening in the autumn is nonsensical. Exhibitors would not permit their goods to remain in New Orleans during the hot months, while it would be folly for the government to keep the valuable Smithsonian collection and other exhibits there for such a length of time. The exposition has been badly managed, but even with the best of management it could not be made to pay expenses in New Orleans. There ought to be no more federal money intrusted to the present directors. The government is in no way responsible for the fair, and it should not assume any responsibility.

A MAN AROSE in a revival meeting in Chicago, a few evenings ago, and said that a year ago he was so bad that he didn't feel fit to live and used to wander about the city wishing somebody would sand-bag him. Then another convert arose and said he could beat that. A year ago he was so bad that if he had met the other brother wandering around, he certainly would have sand-bagged him.

OUR MONUMENT.

Dedication of the Magnificent Washington Monument.

Procession, Addresses, Etc.

The Washington monument was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies on Saturday, Feb. 21.

About 10 o'clock, a. m., despite the intense cold, crowds began to collect around the base of the monument. About 11 o'clock, Senator Sherman, chairman of the joint congressional committee called the assembly to order. In his address Senator Sherman gave a brief history of the building of the monument from the time of the laying of the corner stone in 1848 till its completion a few weeks ago.

After the close of his remarks, and music by the band, that venerable philanthropist and president of the Washington monument association, W. W. Cocoran, described the part taken by the society of which he is president in the initiation of the project and construction of the finished structure before them, a fit emblem of the sterling worth and manly integrity and patriotism of him in whose memory it was erected.

When Col. Cocoran had finished his remarks Col. Casey, United States Engineer, gave a brief review of the part taken by the government, describing each successive step in the work from the first proceedings in congress looking to governmental action until the setting of the cap stone proclaimed as finished the grandest structure the sun ever shone upon, concluding his remarks by presenting, in behalf of the joint commission completing the monument, the completed monument to the United States.

President Arthur stepped to the platform and was greeted with a perfect storm of applause. In a few well-chosen words, in behalf of the people, as their representative, President Arthur received the monument from the "hands of the builder and declare it dedicated from this time forth to the immortal name and memory of George Washington."

Several other speakers made brief addresses, when the masonic ceremonies by the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia, followed. The ceremonies of the order were brief but impressive. In the course of the masonic ceremonies certain historic relics with which Gen. Washington was connected were brought into use. Among others was the gavel prepared for Washington and used by him as Grand Master prior to his laying the corner stone of the national capital in September 18, 1793. There was also shown the volume upon which Washington took the vows of masonry, and that upon which on the 30th of April, 1879, he took the oath of office as president of the United States, a golden urn, containing a lock of his hair, the apron worn by him, and various other relics belonging to the order.

At the conclusion of the Grand Master's address the Grand Chaplain made a brief prayer and the military wheeled into line, the civic bodies and distinguished citizens in carriages sought their proper places, and under the marshaling of Gen. Sheridan the line of march to the capitol was begun. Legislative business had been disposed of and the hall of the House gotten in order for the further ceremonies of the dedication, which were to take place therein.

A few minutes past 2 the Washington monument association was ushered in, and shortly afterwards Gen. Sheridan and staff were announced and conducted to the place assigned to them. The president and cabinet were next announced, followed by the supreme court, the judiciary of the district and the diplomatic corps. At 2:30 the Senate preceded by its officers was escorted in. Mr. Edmunds, as president of the Senate, called the vast assembly to order.

After prayer and music Mr. Edmunds introduced Representative John D. Long of Massachusetts who proceeded to deliver an address prepared by the Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, the orator upon the occasion of the ceremonies connected with the laying of the corner stone of the monument, nearly 38 years ago, whose recent illness and advancing age alone prevented him from delivering in person the masterly address prepared by him. When Mr. Long ceased, Hon. John W. Daniel of Virginia delivered an oration eulogistic of the character of the great man whose memory all loved, and of our glorious Republic. Mr. Daniel was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause thus attending the interest with which his address was received. At the close of Mr. Daniels, oration, the benediction was pronounced and the dedicatory ceremonies of the monument which shall not endure longer than the memory of the man whose deeds and life they commemorate, were over.

GENERAL NEWS.

FIVE PERSONS PERISH.

Fire broke out the other morning in the cellar of the residence of John King of the firm of Lloyd & King, at 1539 Pine street, Philadelphia. The flames soon spread to the two adjoining dwellings, which were destroyed. Four persons are known to have died, either from burning or from injuries received by jumping from the building. Mrs. King and her two children were saved, but injured by jumping from the third story window upon mattresses held by spectators. Miss Hamilton, sister of Mrs. King, climbed out of the fourth story window in the rear of the building, and, fearing to jump, held on to the window sill until suffocated by the smoke. Her body was burned to an unrecognizable crisp. Two servants, white women, died from injuries received in jumping from the blazing building. Mr. King appeared at the fourth story window, waving on the air from which his wife had leaped. Calls were made for him to follow her, but he fell back into the seething flames. The loss by the fire was about \$30,000.

SWAIN'S SORROW.

Judge Advocate General Swain, who was recently court-martialed on the double charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and neglect of duty, has been found "not guilty" on the first charge, but "guilty" on the second, and sentenced to be suspended from rank and duty for 12 years, and to forfeit one-half of his monthly pay each month during that period. The finding of the court is approved by the President.

MORE STRINGENT LAWS.

The legislature of Minnesota has adopted a high license liquor law making \$500 the figure. The legislature has also adopted a new penal code similar to that of New York, the most important change from the old code being that making hanging the law for murder in the first degree. Heretofore the passage of the death sentence was left to the option of the court, but no judge has ever exercised the privilege.

A ST. LOUIS TRAGEDY.

A horrible tragedy in the form of murder and suicide was committed in St. Louis, Mo., at the assignation house of Madame North, 116 North Ninth street, on the evening of Feb. 26. The parties to the act were Thomas Boswick a pretty well-known saloon-keeper and bar-tender, and Mrs. J. B. McGue, said to be the wife of a bookkeeper in that city. The act itself was the shooting of Mrs. McGue three times by Boswick, killing her and then killing himself by shooting two bullets into his head and stabbing himself five times in the breast. A letter written by Boswick was found upon his person in which he charges Mrs. McGue with having caused him a great deal of trouble.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Troy, N. Y., was lighted by a \$100,000 fire on the 19th inst.

Spanish soldiers are anxious to take part in the war in the Soudan.

Mrs. Lowell, wife of United States minister James Russell Lowell, is dead.

Several genuine cases of oriental leprosy are reported at Portland, Oregon.

Both of Myra Clark Gaines' wills have been refused probate at New Orleans.

By the sinking of the Swedish steamer Norden, four persons were drowned.

The governor has approved the act authorizing the killing of English sparrows.

Stated that President Cleveland favors the suspension of the coinage of the silver dollars.

An oyster famine is reported in Baltimore. The protracted cold weather is said to be the cause.

Thirteen descendants of Washington witnessed the dedication of the Washington monument.

Seven residents of Texas have been found who are heirs to the \$20,000,000 French spoils claim.

A large poorhouse at St. Petersburg fell in recently. Several of the inmates were killed and many wounded.

Wm. Lee has obtained a \$1,000 verdict against the Cincinnati Enquirer for libel. He sued for \$50,000.

Mary Crandall, who had lived on water at Bloomsfield, N. Y., for the past 48 days, died Feb. 20, aged 78.

Fark James, the outlaw has been released from custody in Boneville, Mo., for lack of evidence to convict him.

Several hundred Catholics have been massacred in China in obedience to secret orders from the Chinese viceroy.

Gen. De Lisle says with 12,000 men he could drive every Chinaman out of Tonquin and prevent any returning.

Mr. and Mrs. Peak of the famous bill riggering family, are inmates of the Corland county, N. Y., poorhouse.

The measure to secure the English government for its Egyptian policy was defeated in the house of commons.

Thirty persons were drowned on the 23d of February by the sinking of the Allegheny, bound from Cardiff to Gall.

An explosion occurred in Vale colliery in Picton, Nova Scotia, on the 11th inst., and 15 miners were blown into fragments.

Judge Robert Logan, a prominent Republican member of the Illinois legislature dropped dead the other day while entering the legislative hall, of heart disease.

A bill to divide Saginaw county is being prepared. Should it pass, East Saginaw and Saginaw City will be in different counties.

Mrs. Ann Bowling, aged 86, was burned to death in Baltimore, her clothes having caught fire while she was making tea for herself.

It is understood that President Arthur, Sarrogate Rollins of New York, and Charles Miller will form a law partnership after March 4.

Edward Vogley of Butler, Pa., book-keeper of the savings bank in that place, is short about \$50,000. He is supposed to be in Canada.

Mrs. Gumprieb, a wife of a New York commercial traveler, has been notified that she is one of 35 heirs to a \$60,000,000 estate in England.

A freight on the Illinois Central railroad dashed into a passenger train. Several cars were telescoped. One man was killed, and several of the passengers seriously injured.

Nine large business houses in Philadelphia were burned Feb. 19, at a loss of \$200,000. On the same date the Granis block of Chicago was destroyed by fire. Loss \$250,000.

Ex-Senator Nesmith of Oregon is in an asylum for the insane. He believes the Democratic leaders have kidnapped him to keep him from getting into Cleveland's cabinet.

The corner-stone of the state capitol of Texas will be laid at Austin on the 2d of March next, being the forty-ninth anniversary of the declaration of Texan independence.

Laudis, a Mormon missionary, claims that the governor of Sonora, Mex., has given the Mormons authority to settle in Yakin County, a land described as literally flowing with milk and honey.

A terrible explosion occurred at the Royal arsenal of Guntery at Shoeburyness, England while the officers and students were testing a new patent use. Three men were killed outright and many fatally injured.

A protest against allowing Masonic societies to participate in the dedication of the Washington monument has been received by the committee who has the matter a charge, but too late to be of any avail.

A statement submitted to the House shows that during 1878, 1880, 1893 and 1884 the expenses for special deputies were \$651,830, supervisors of elections \$928,334, chief supervisors \$693,753; total \$1,973,916.

James Gillett, chief clerk of Washington Territory district court, has gone to British Columbia, taking with him nearly \$20,000. He had lived many years in the territory and had hitherto borne an excellent reputation.

The Lord Mayor of London has issued an appeal to the public for funds to assist a large number of people in London who have been thrown out of work because of the depression in trade and are in destitute circumstances.

The relief party sent out from Salt Lake City to rescue the survivors of the great snow slide at Alta, Utah, had a trying experience in the snow, but returned safely with four people rescued and twelve bodies of the dead.

A meeting was held in Liverpool recently when it was decided to hold an exhibition there in 1880, illustrative of navigation, modes of traveling and commerce. The principal features will be exhibits in connection with ship building and ship industries generally.

THE EGYPTIAN WAR.

THE DESERT TROUBLE.

Wolsley Not Dead as Reported.

Other Campaign News.

WOLSELEY ALIVE.

Gen. Wolsley telegraphed to the war office on the morning of Feb. 23 that dispatches received by him from Gen. Brackenbury state that the latter expects to reach Abu Hamed with his command to-morrow. This advice from Wolsley effectually explodes the rumors of his suicide which have caused so much consternation since their publication a few days ago.

The demand for reinforcements for Egypt has obliged the British government to release several hundred soldiers imprisoned for military offenses.

Colonists in South Australia are very much aggrieved because they cannot send troops to take part in the Soudan war.

A dispatch from Korti Feb. 24 says: The dreaded kamsin winds, which do not generally begin before March, have already begun to blow over Soudan, and assumed almost the intensity of the siroccos. The wind is hot and accompanied by blinding clouds of sand, which out like needle points. The troops only find shelter by lying down with their faces to the earth until the storm passes, when they struggle out of the sand almost choked and blinded. Cavalry horses suffered terribly from the effects of the hot blasts, and many of them have been so injured they had to be shot. The kamsin usually prevails about fifty days.

Gen. Buller's entire force reached Gakdul safely Feb. 28. They were much exhausted by the long and perilous march, but the men were in good spirits.

A pipe line is to be constructed from Saakim on the Red sea across the desert to Herber on the Nile, for the purpose of supplying Graham's army with supplies on its advance to Wolsley's relief. The contract for the engines necessary to perform the work has been let to a New York firm, who will ship an engine a week until the number required, 15 or 20, has been supplied.

IN CONGRESS.

FEBRUARY 24.

SENATE—The chair laid before the Senate a memorial from the legislature of Wisconsin urging the placing of Gen. Grant on the retired list of the army. The bill to authorize the president to negotiate the purchase of the remaining titles of the Seminole, Creeks and Cherokee to the Oklahoma lands was passed. A number of pension bills were then disposed of. The House bill to provide for the settlement of claims of officers and enlisted men of the army for the loss of private property in the military service of the United States was then laid before the Senate. After some debate the Senate went into executive session and soon adjourned. Previous to adjournment a message from the House announced disagreement on the Agricultural Appropriation bill. The Senate insisted on its amendments.

HOUSE—The usual conflict between the Appropriations and River and Harbor Committees took place and resulted in a victory for the latter committee, and the House went into committee of the whole on the River and Harbor bill, the pending question being the appeal from the decision of the Chair ruling out the Hennepin Canal clause on a point of order. The Chair was sustained, 109 to 95. So the clause is eliminated from the bill. On a point of order raised by Mr. Hancock of New York, the section creating a board to be called the United States Harbor Board, was stricken from the bill. On motion of Mr. Kean of New Jersey, the section authorizing the Secretary of War to remove and rebuild bridges which may be an obstruction to navigation, was stricken from the bill. Mr. Holman offered an amendment providing that the money appropriated for the improvement of the Mississippi river shall be expended under the direction of the secretary of war and in accordance with the plans approved by him. After a short and very noisy discussion the amendment was adopted, 138 to 57. On motion of Mr. Cook an amendment was adopted providing that the appropriations for the Missouri river improvement shall be expended under the direction of the secretary of war and in accordance with the plans approved by him. Amid a great deal of confusion a number of amendments were adopted to the "survey" section of the bill, and it was not until 7:45 that the committee rose and reported the bill to the House. The previous question was ordered and the House adjourned.

FEBRUARY 25.

SENATE—The entire session was spent in discussion of the Army Appropriation bill.

HOUSE—In the House the river and harbor bill was the question under discussion but no action was reached.

"Am I on the right road to the village?" demanded a traveler of an old darkey who was at work in a field. "Yes, sah," said the darkey. The traveler pursued his way, but presently returned very mad. "I say," he shouted to the old fellow, "what did you mean by telling me I was on the right road to the village?" "I tol' you de truf, 'deed I did, boss," replied the darkey, "but yo' tuk de wrong direksbun, sah."

—Drake's Magazine.

New York's latest directory contains 300,029 names, indicating a population of 1,500,145.

FREE! RELIABLE SELF-CURE. A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful specialists in the U.S. (now retired) for the cure of Nervous Debility, Loss of Nerve, Weakness and Excitement. Sent in plain sealed envelope free. Druggists can fill it. Address DR. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN LIVER VEGETABLE PILLS. Secure Healthy action to the Liver and relieve all bilious troubles. Family Vegetable. No Cringing. Price 50c. All Druggists.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, faintness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Erection of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the Heart, Drops before the eyes, highly colored urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. ASA LIVER MEDICINE TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA

Sold every where, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 44 Murray Street, New York. TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

HARTER'S IRON TONIC. THE ONLY TRUE. Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic. It will purify and enrich the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH! In all those diseases requiring certain and efficient TONIC, especially Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, etc., its use is marked with immediate and wonderful results. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.

LADIES

peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. It gives a clear and healthy complexion. The strongest testimony to the value of DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is that frequent attempts at counterfeiting have only added to the popularity of the original. If you earnestly desire health do not experiment with the cheap and inferior. (Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK.") Full of strange and useful information, free. DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC IS FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

ISLAND HOME Stock Farm, Crosse Ho, Wayne Co., Mich. SAVAGE & FARNUM, PROPRIETORS.



Percheron Horses.

All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation and registered in the French and American stud books. ISLAND HOME is beautifully situated at the head of Crosse Is in the Detroit River, ten miles below the City, and is accessible by railroad and steamboat. Visitors not familiar with the location may call at city office, 25 Campus Building, and an escort will accompany them to the farm. Send for catalogue, free by mail. Address, SAVAGE & FARNUM, Detroit, Mich.

Paynes' Automatic Engines & Saw-Mill.



SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

ESTABLISHED 1845. The most popular Weekly newspaper devoted to science, mechanics, engineering, inventors, inventions and patents ever published. Every number illustrated with splendid engravings. The information furnished a most valuable encyclopedia of facts which no person should be without. Its circulation nearly equals that of all other papers of its class combined. Price, \$3.20 a year. Discount to Clubs. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & CO., Publishers, No. 361 Broadway, N. Y.

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Munn & Co. have also had Thirty-Seven years' practical experience in the Patent Office and have prepared more than One Hundred thousand applications for patents in the United States and foreign countries. Carrots, Trade-Marks, Copyrights, Assignments, and all other papers for securing to inventors their rights in their inventions in other foreign countries, prepared at short notice and on reasonable terms. Information as to obtaining patents cheerfully furnished without charge. Hand-books of information sent free. Patents obtained through Munn & Co. are noticed in the Scientific American. The advantage of such notice is well understood by all persons who wish to dispose of their patents. Address MUNN & CO., Office Scientific American, 361 Broadway, New York.

"An Oney Cuss." Captain Paul Boyton has opened an aquatic museum in New York. He should secure an old fellow whom he encountered during his float down the Arkansas river. Just before reaching Red Bluff, a native, who had never heard of the captain, saw him floating.

COUNTERFEITING A VALUABLE ARTICLE.

The publisher of the *Madison County Record* writes from Huntsville, Ark., to the effect of Brown's Iron Bitters on his wife. Mr. Daugherty says: "My wife has been using the Bitters for some months; the effect in her case is remarkable." He also writes that owing to counterfeits and imitations, it is difficult to get the genuine article.

The famous shell road of New Orleans is a boulevard of almost snowy whiteness, nearly 200 feet in width and five miles long.

M. L. Blair, Alderman, 5th Ward, Stratton, Pa., stated Nov. 9, '83: He had used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for sprains, burns, cuts, bruises and rheumatism. Cured every time.

Some genius has invented a chindrella for the violin. If he could only sweat at a hand-holder he would do more good.

BAD DRAINAGE causes much sickness, bad blood and improper act on of the liver and kidneys is bad drainage to the human system, which Burdock Blood Bitters remedy.

"Why do leaves fall to the ground?" asks a poet. It is because they can't hold anywhere else. They have got to go somewhere.

BWARE OF FRAUDS.—Be sure you get the genuine Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It cures Colds, Croup, Asthma, Whooping Cough and Rheumatism.

Skating rinks are demoralizing. They induce one to base actions, and even the best of Christians are liable to become back-sliders.

George Campbell, Hopkinsville, Ky., writes: Burdock Blood Bitters is the best preparation for the blood and stomach ever manufactured.

O'Donovan Russa has been shot by a young English woman, and he does not mind it. He does not approve of making a personal matter of warfare.

CARBOLINES. The wine at last who builds his trust in loving words and actions just. Whose hand, whose walk, his very mien proclaim the use of Carboline.

A well-fed oyster will lay 128,000,000 eggs, but millions of them are devoured by the fishy tribe before the protecting shell is formed.

The Best for Butter. There is but one best color for butter, and that is the color of the Improved Butter Color, Richard & Co's.

The beds in Cuba are racks of iron about six feet long, and covered with a network of iron pipes, over which mosquito netting is stretched. The mosquitoes are hard and thin, the pillow is green wove.

A cold climate is hard to bear, but it makes men robust and active. People in very warm countries lead a rather shiftless life.

A CHANCELLOR'S OPINION.

Hon. James Harlan, ex-Vice Chancellor of Louisville, Ky., a brother of Justice Harlan, U. S. Supreme Court, says of St. Jacobs Oil: "I use it, and I know full well whereof I speak in pronouncing it a most extraordinary cure for all that is claimed for it by its proprietors. Every family should have it."

A Minneapolis firm has ordered 1,000 boxes of chewing gum from Bangor, Maine.

"Rough on Corns" hard or soft corns, bunions, etc. "Buchu palba" Great Kidney and Urinary Cure.

There are about 3,000,000,000 cigars used in this country every year.

One of my children, a girl about nine years old, had a very bad discharge from her head and nose of a thick, yellowish matter, and was growing worse. We had two different physicians prescribe for her, but without benefit. We tried Ely's Cream Balm, and much to our surprise in three days there was a marked improvement. We continued using the Balm, and in a short time the discharge was apparently cured.—O. A. Cary, Corning, N. Y.

India will have a good part of the space in the London exhibition of 1886. One of the exhibits will be life sized models of native soldiers and officers.

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats and Mice, etc. "Wells' Health Renewer" for weak men.

Boston has 168 school houses worth \$7,800,000.

FOR BRONCHIAL, ASTHMATIC, AND PULMONARY COMPLAINTS, "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" manifest remarkable curative properties. Sold only in boxes.

The people of Idaho refer to that territory as being the best poor man's country out of doors.

"Rough on Coughs" Troches, etc. Liquid, etc. "Wells' Health Renewer" for Delicate Women.

The Kansas legislature has four girls among its pages.

In the past thirty years there have been many remedies advertised for the cure of kidney and liver troubles and diseases of the urinary organs. Of only one can it be said that "it is never known to fail." That one is HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY.

The African has an eager look in the vicinity of a hen roost. A sort of "neager and a nipping air."

"Rough on Pain" Porous Plaster, etc. Liquid, etc. "Wells' Health Renewer" for Dyspepsia, Debility

Young ladies who will not marry when they have a chance, Miss it.

With Ely's Cream Balm a child can be treated without pain or dread, and with perfect safety. Try the remedy. It cures Catarrh, Hay Fever and Colds in the Head. It is easily applied with the finger and gives relief from the first application. Price 50 cents. At Druggists, 60 cents by mail. Ely Bros., Oswego, N. Y.

The bottle of Ely's Cream Balm that I obtained you last summer has entirely cured my little boy of a severe attack of catarrh.—Mrs. Sallie Davis, Green Postoffice, Ala.

An old carpet in the San Francisco mint was taken up the other day and burned. The ashes were assayed and yielded \$,509 in gold dust.

"Rough on Toothache" Instant relief, etc. "Rough on Itch" cures rashes, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, f used in eczema.

Wilkie Collins, the novelst, is 61 years old.

When you visit or leave New York City, via Central depot, save Baggage Expressage and \$3 Carriage Hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite said depot. Six hundred elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars; \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

"March fourth" has a disagreeable sound to Republican office-holders.

PILES Itching or bleeding, relieved and permanently cured by Cole's Catarrh Cure. Get the Genuine. 25 cents and 75 cents at druggists or by mail. J. W. COLE & CO., Proprietors, Black River Falls, Wis.

Maine has sent 40,000 barrels of apples across the water this season.

Other remedies for neuralgia and rheumatism have failed because they did not reach the fountain of the trouble, which is the blood. Athlophoros goes right to the source by clearing out the poisonous and acid substances, and restoring the life current to a condition of health. Price, \$1 per bottle. If your druggist hasn't it, send to Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall Street, N. Y.

The purest, sweetest and best Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh healthy livers, up on the sea shore. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. Made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc. I will send you a receipt that will cure you. FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH SMITH, Station D, New York.

"That Miss Jones is a nice looking girl, isn't she?" "Yes, and she'd be the belle of the town if it wasn't for one thing."

"What's that?" "She has the catarrh so bad that it is unpleasant to be near her. She has tried a dozen things and nothing helps her. I am sorry, for I like her, but that doesn't make it any less disagreeable for one to be around her." Now if she had used Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, there would have been nothing of the kind said, for it will cure catarrh every time.

No brass band can play as many airs as a drum-major can put on.—Tid Bits.

BARTHOLOMEW'S STATUE OF "LIBERTY ENLIGHTENING THE WORLD."

will be a reminder of personal liberty for ages to come. On July 4, 1876, a foundation has Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" been placed, and it will stand through the cycles of time as a monument to the physical emancipation of thousands, who by its use have been relieved from consumption, consumptive night-sweats, bronchitis, coughs, spitting of blood, weak lungs, and other throat and lung affections.

A sound sleeper—He who snores—Boston Post.

Nervous debility, premature decline of power in either sex, speedily and permanently cured. Large book, three letter stamps. Consultation free. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Blaine is said to be an excellent letter writer. Letter writing appears to run in the family.

Red Star Cough Cure TRADE MARK

Absolutely Free from Opium, Emetics and Poisons. A PROMPT, SAFE, SURE CURE For Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Influenza, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Quinsy, Pains in Chest, and other affections of the Throat and Lungs.

- For Trustees, Lovell D. Loomis, 190; Jacob Schumacher, 165; Harmon S. Holmes, 168; Leander Easton, 41; John K. Yocum, 44
- For Treasurer, Colin E. Babcock, 193
- For Assessor, William Bacon, 209

From New Orleans. New Orleans, Sat., Feb. 23, 1885.

Dear Editor, We complete to-day two weeks in New Orleans. We are well with exception of severe colds, contracted in this most fickle and most discomforting climate, we ever experienced. Of course damp, cold weather is only incident to winter months, and is often relieved, in ordinary seasons (to which this year forms a marked exception) by beautiful, sunny days. Yesterday and to-day have been A it is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—other Iron medicines do. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves. For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, etc., it has no equal. The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

SCROFULA HUMOR Is thoroughly cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Whether the disease is hereditary or acquired, this medicine expels every trace of impurity, and vitalizes and enriches the blood, while it also tones and strengthens the system.

"I had four scrofula sores come on my feet, which grew so bad that I could not wear a shoe. Nothing which I took did me any good until one day I saw Hood's Sarsaparilla advertised in a paper and decided to try it. I have taken two bottles and the sores are almost entirely healed. Mrs. ANDIE PITTS, South Potsdam, New York.

"I have been troubled with varicose veins and a scrofulous humor for a dozen years. Since I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, my leg has entirely healed." C. M. FRENCH, Franklin, M. H.

"I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and for over a year had two running sores on my neck. Took five bottles Hood's Sarsaparilla, and consider myself entirely cured." C. E. LOVJOY, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.

CATARRH CREAM BALM ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN THE HEAD

HOPS & MALT BITTERS TRADE MARK DOES WONDERFUL CURES

LIVER COMPLAINTS AND KIDNEY DISEASES. They cleanse the system of the poisonous humors that develop in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Constipation, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and all FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of these terrible diseases have been quickly relieved, and in short time perfectly cured, by the use of Hops and Malt Bitters. All druggists keep them.

50 A YEAR TRY IT! DETROIT COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER

WM. H. BURK, Publisher, DETROIT, MICH. FURNISH your own bottles and save three-fourths of the cost.

DR. LINGUIST'S Spinal Mises' Waist, \$1.75; Spinal Corset, \$2.00; Spinal Nursing Corset, \$2.25; Spinal Abdominal Corset, \$2.75

BURPEE'S SEEDS ARE WARRANTED PURE, FRESH, AND FULLY GROWN

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blisters, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula & Erysipelas.

Magnolia Balm Man and Beast is a secret aid to beauty. Many a lady owes her freshness to it, who would rather not tell, and you can't tell.

Beware of Cruelty. To permit yourself and family to "Suffer!" With sickness when it can be prevented and cured so easily With Hop Bitters!!! Having experienced a great deal of "Trouble!" from indigestion, so much that I came near losing my Life! My trouble always came after eating any food— However light And digestible, For two or three hours at a time I had to go through the most Excruciating pains, "And the only way I ever got" "Relief!" Was by throwing up all my stomach contents. No one can conceive the pains that had to go through, until "At last!" I was taken! "So that for three weeks I lay in bed and Could eat nothing! My sufferings were so that I called two doctors to give me something that would stop the pain; their Efforts were no good to me. At last I heard a good deal "About your Hop Bitters! And determined to try them! Got a bottle—in four hours I took the contents of One! Next day I was out of bed, and have not seen a "Sick." Hour, from the same cause since. I have recommended it to hundreds of others. You have no such "Advocate as I am."—Geo. Kendall, Allston, Boston, Mass. Columbus Advocate, Texas, April 21, '83. Dear Editor:—I have tried your Hop Bitters, and find they are good for any complaint. The best medicine I ever used in my family. H. TALENT. None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

FAY'S MANILLA ROOFING ESTABLISHED 1861 WATER-PROOF

JOSEPH GILLOTTS STEEL PENS Sold By ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD GOLD MEDAL PARIS EXPOSITION—1878

FREE A CORN SHELLER. The new "Eclipse" Corn Sheller is the simplest, easiest working sheller on the market.

AGENTS Handling other articles can add ours to their business with great profit. Sell on sight. We will send, prepaid, 50 Samples, for 10 cents. ADDRESS: NATIONAL NOVELTY CO. 313 Court Ave., Des Moines, Ia.

R. U. AWARE THAT Lorillard's Climax Plug bearing a red tin tag; that Lorillard's Rose Leaf fine cut; that Lorillard's Navy Clippings; and that Lorillard's Snuffs, are the best and cheapest, quality considered!

CONSUMPTION. I have a positive remedy for the above disease, by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. order. DR. T. A. RICHMOND, 141 E. 25th St., New York.

RUPTURE! ROAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS This new Truss has a spiral spring and supported pressure; yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures. Worn day and night with comfort. Send Stamp for Circular. Used in both University Hospitals. Ask your druggist, in both University Hospitals. 562-5288, Ann Arbor, Mich.

SEEDS I grow them myself and test them before selling. They are fresh and reliable. Don't buy any seeds from second hand dealers. Write for my splendid Illustrated Almanac Catalogue, FREE. H. W. BUCKLEE, Rockford, Ill. W. N. U. D-3-0

OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

BURPEE'S SEEDS ARE WARRANTED PURE, FRESH, AND FULLY GROWN

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blisters, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula & Erysipelas.

Magnolia Balm Man and Beast is a secret aid to beauty. Many a lady owes her freshness to it, who would rather not tell, and you can't tell.

# CLOTHING!

Don't forget we are still offering Bargains in

OVERCOATS, ODD PANTS,

Suits, odd Coats and Vests. A full line of

OVERALLS, JACKETS,

Working Pants, etc., just received. We have also just received a full line of

SUITINGS, PANTINGS Etc.,

which we will make up in first-class style.

Respectfully,  
**H. S. HOLMES & CO.**

## CHELSEA HERALD.

We solicit communications and news items from all the surrounding towns.

Every communication must contain the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

If you have any business at the probate office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

Our market report will invariably be found correct, as we give it our personal attention and take great pains to give correct quotations. The prices quoted are those paid by dealers.

We must not be held responsible for sentiments expressed by writers.

Address all communications to

THE HERALD.

THURSDAY, MAR. 5, 1885.

### LIMA ITEMS.

Charlie Hawley has returned home from Kansas.

A. Beach and I. Storms have bought the J. Heber place.

A surprise party took place at J. Klein's last Friday evening.

Minnie Steinbach has been spending a week with friends in Ann Arbor.

Miss Maud Congdon, of Chelsea, spent Saturday and Sunday with Amy Morse.

Mrs. J. Wheelock left last Tuesday for a two months' visit with friends in New York, Vermont and Massachusetts.

There was a fair sized crowd at the masquerade social Friday night. The finest costume was worn by Miss Julia Nable. Henry Lewick represented the clown, and Fred Roedell acted the old man to perfection. Mr. Tom Fletcher although not masked, promenade with the girls as in the days of his youth. The Lima band furnished some good music, and all had a good time.

### Legal.

Thirty persons were drowned on the 23d of February by the sinking of the Allegheny, bound from Cardiff to Gall.

An explosion occurred in Vale colliery in Picou, Nova Scotia, on the 11 inst., and 15 miners were blown into fragments.

Judge Robert Logan, a prominent Republican member of the Illinois legislature dropped dead the other day while entering the legislative hall, of heart disease.

A bill to divide Saginaw county is being prepared. Should it pass, East Saginaw and Saginaw City will be in different counties.

Mrs. Ann Bowling, aged 88, was burned to death in Baltimore, her clothes having caught fire while she was making tea for herself.

It is understood that President Arthur, Arrogate Rollins of New York, and Charles Miller will form a law partnership after March 4.

Edward Vogley of Butler, Pa., book-keeper of the savings bank in that place, is worth about \$50,000. He is supposed to be in Canada.

Mrs. Gunprich, a wife of a New York commercial traveler, has been notified that she is one of 35 heirs to a \$60,000,000 estate in England.

A freight on the Illinois Central railroad was derailed into a passenger train. Several cars were telescoped. One man was killed, and several injured.

### Commissioners' Notice.

Estate of Wm. G. Havens.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }  
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, } ss

The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of William G. Havens, late of said County deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of M. J. Lelmar, esq., in the village of Chelsea, in said County, on Monday the Eighteenth day of May, and on Monday the Seventeenth day of August next, at ten o'clock A. M. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, Feb. 17th, 1885.

John A. Palmer, }  
George J. Crowell, } Commissioners

701-7

### Attachment Notice.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the statute authorizing attachments against non resident debtors, that an attachment was issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1885, against the estate of Margaret Murphy, a non-resident debtor, and in favor of Isaac Taylor, plaintiff, herein for the sum of \$107.66, the same being returnable on the third day of February, 1885. The sheriff of Washtenaw County returned the above attachment on the 3rd day of February 1885, with property attached but no personal service could be made on said non-resident debtor. Now therefore, notice is hereby given that unless the said defendant shall cause her appearance to be entered in said court in this cause within the time required by law, from the last publication of this notice, for six successive weeks from Feb. 19, 1885, in the CHELSEA HERALD, a newspaper printed in said county, her default will be entered and said attached property appropriated according to law for the payment of said debt and costs of this suit.

D. B. TAYLOR,  
Attorney for Attaching Creditor.  
Dated, Feb. 19, 1885.

WE SHALL OFFER  
**SATURDAY, Mar. 7,**

100 MARSEILLES BED SPREADS 100

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When we say CHEAP, our customers know what we mean. If you intend to buy one

**WITHIN A YEAR,**

it will pay you to buy it then.

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**THE FINEST LINE IN CHELSEA!**

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